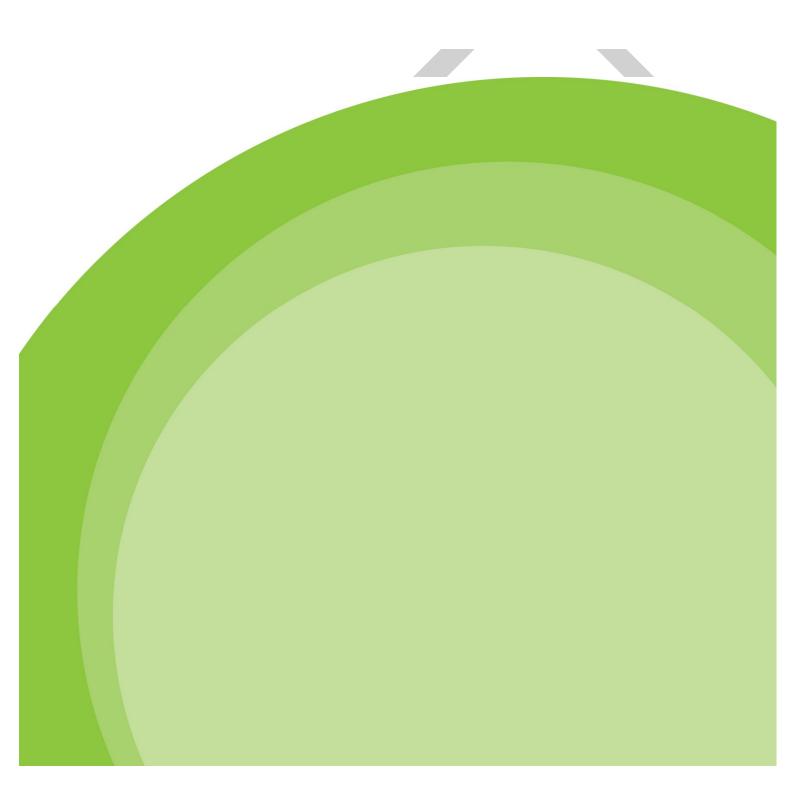
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Site Assessment Forms

Haynes



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Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹

Site details		
Reference Number	ALP459	
Site Name	Four Winds	
Site Address	Four Winds	
Settlement	Haynes	
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 2 ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 2 ha Measured GIS Area:2 ha	
Proposed Use	Residential	
Any other information		

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or conf	lict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% 1 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 40 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 48
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways)	R	The site is remote and separated from Haynes main settlement. It
that separate it from the main settlement?		does not offer a logical extension to the settlement.
Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	The site does not cause coalescence.



led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-index-inde

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING³

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP460
Site Name	Seven Acre Field
Site Address	Seven Acre Field
Settlement	Haynes
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 2.83 ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 2.83 ha Measured GIS Area: 2.6 ha
Proposed Use	Housing
Any other information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	GE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
Provi	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 15-45 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 46		
Floor	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,		
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	onally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 be	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation area		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

³ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

provide 1,500 homes or more ⁴ . Relationship to Settlement				
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site is remote and separated from Haynes main settlement. It does not offer a logical extension to the settlement.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	The site does not cause coalescence.	
Does the site continue to next stage?			No	



⁴ The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING⁵

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP142
Site Name	Land on the south west side of High Rd
Site Address	Land on the south west side of High Rd
Settlement	Haynes
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 7.5 ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 7.5 ha
	Measured GIS Area: 3.4 ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	To include a minor service centre.
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	BE 1A ASSESSMENT				
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 60 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 61		
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,		
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not in an AONB		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

⁵ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more ⁶ .					
_	Relationship to Settlement				
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	A	The site would not be well related to the existing settlement because its access would be directly onto the A600. The site would sit behind existing development with poor relationship to the existing settlement of Haynes.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Doesn't cause coalescence		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAG	BE 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ⁷ .			
Critic	Critical Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	G	No critical infrastructure	
	requirements that will enable delivery8?		requirements identified	
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. Availability			
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development potential?	G	Farm land
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	G	Sole land owner intent to develop is stated.
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	G	None apparent
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	No permission. Applications recently refused on part of site (CB/16/04204/ FULL CB/16/01088/FULL) Application

 $^{^{6}\,}$ The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locallyled garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

7 Critical information

Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

8 This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements

will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

		outstanding on CB/17/02023/OUT.
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Plan.	Plan.			
Green	nbelt			
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No	Details on coverage	
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A		
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A		
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.9	N/A		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Previously Developed Land

1 1 0 4 1	r reviously beveloped Land		
16	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	100% arable
	with the NPPF definition?		

⁹ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

	- 760/ 1000/ (C)		
	76% - 100% (G)26 - 75% (A)		
	· ,		
Comr	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R) munity		
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	Not in a NP designation area
''	designated areas)	INO	Not in a NP designation area
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	None apparent
10	Has any community consultation taken place?	INO	попе аррагент
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	No impact on sustainability
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of	110	The impact of addiamasinty
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
	house etc)		
Cumi	lative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	Number of houses in 2006: 500
	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		Number of houses in 2016: 500
	the parish?		Percentage Growth: 0%
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	Number of houses in 2016: 500
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Number of outstanding completions
	be completed?		2016: 5
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		Percentage Growth: 1.00%
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
Dhye	data).		
	cal Constraints	G	None apparent
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent features that affect the site's developability?	G	None apparent
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
Relati	ionship to Settlement		
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	R	The site provides a buffer between
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an	``	the edge of the built up area and
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		the Warden Great Wood to the
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		east. Development and would deter
	form?		form the natural and historic
			characteristics of the settlement
Agric	ultural Land Quality		
24	Would the development impact on high quality	R	Grade 2
	agricultural land?		
	50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)		
-		•	

•	50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)	
•	50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)	

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across go 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.			
	sport and Access to Services			
25	Facilities and services			
	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the sit	te for housing. It links to the	
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.			
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately			
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Haynes Lower School	
	Yes, in the settlement (G)			
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)			
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)			
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining settlement (D)			
25b	settlement (R) Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	Α	Robert Bloomfield	
230	applicable)?	^	Robert Bloomileid	
	Yes, in the settlement (G)			
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 			
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 			
	Other catchment school available (A)			
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Samuel Whitbread	
	school?			
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 			
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 			
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 			
	 Other catchment school available (A) 			
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	Α	Wilstead surgery	
	centre?			
	Yes, in the settlement (G)			
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)			
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Not in the settlement or on adjoining.			
	 Not in the settlement or an adjoining settlement (R) 			
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Convenience store/ post office	
	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)	^ _	Convenience store, post emec	
	Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent			
	(A)			
	None (R)			
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	150m	
	least hourly at peak times):			
	 Less than 400m (G) 			
	• 400m-800m (A)			
	• Over 800m (R)			
	OR submission form stated that improved Public transport facilities could be provided as			
	public transport facilities could be provided as			
28	part of the development (G) Distance to nearest train station:	R		
20	Less than 800m (G)			
	• 800m-1200m (A)			
	- 000H (A)	1		

	 Over 1200m (R) 		
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	R	Site has frontage onto A600, but access would have to be considered carefully due to proximity to existing junction and the national speed limit on this road. Access has been a reason for refusal of planning applications on this site previously.
Scho	ol Capacity		
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	R	There is an existing need for school places across all phases
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	R	No commitment made
Wate	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required.
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te		
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk? No assessment required (G) Consider Further Assessment (A) Further Assessment Required (R) onmental Health	G	Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required
34	Contamination	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
34	Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	N/A/G	Awaiting confinents
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	A	Road Traffic Noise
	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	R	Unsuitable for development in landscape terms - Site is integral to open plateau landscape characteristic of the Greensand, would be highly intrusive in extensive views. Concern about visual impact of

37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	Her: G Arch: A	extending urban form into open landscape –including night impact, in sensitive setting on corner and gateway, adjacent to major woodland. No existing features to aid integration. Site has multi-period archaeological potential but this would not prevent allocation providing appropriate mitigation is undertaken.
			No heritage comment.
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	A	Opportunity to enhance, retain & buffer existing
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	A/G	Within Greensand NIA, would need to deliver habitat net gain and retain / enhance existing habitats. No loss of Leisure Strategy open space.
Minerals and Waste			
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		Part of site covered by CB/16/04204/FULL (application for 1 dwelling, refused due to harm to character and appearance of the area and poor access arrangements), CB/16/01088/OUT (application for 3 dwellings, refused due to harm to character and appearance of the area and poor access arrangements). CB/17/02023/OUT for 5 dwellings outstanding.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site is within Grade 2 Agricultural Land and significant concerns have been raised over educational capacity in this area. Further to this, development of the site would significantly alter the historic character of the existing settlement. The site plays an important landscape role; it is an integral part of the open plateau landscape characteristic of the Greensand. Development here would be highly intrusive for extensive views and there would also be a negative visual impact by expanding the urban form into the open landscape, impacting upon the adjoining woodland. The site has multi-period archaeological potential but this would not prevent allocation providing that appropriate mitigation was undertaken.

The site is not appropriate for residential development because it would have an unacceptable impact on the character and appearance of the existing area, including in landscape terms. In addition to this the information available from the site submission and previous planning applications indicate that there is likely to be an issue with achieving suitable access onto the A600 which is subject to the national speed limit. The site will not be considered any further as part of this process.

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹⁰

Site details	Site details		
Reference Number	NLP226		
Site Name	Seven Acre Field		
Site Address	Seven Acre Field		
Settlement	Haynes		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 2.83 ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 2.83 ha Measured GIS Area:2.6 ha		
Proposed Use			
Any other information			

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or conf	lict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% 1 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 80 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 46
Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the Sequential Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation area
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹⁰ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

	de 1,500 homes or more ¹¹ .		
	tionship to Settlement	_	
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site is remote and separated from Haynes main settlement. It does not offer a logical extension to the settlement.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	The site does not cause coalescence.
Does	s the site continue to next stage?		No



The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹²

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP299
Site Name	Hill Farm
Site Address	Hall Farm, Northwood End Road, Haynes, MK45 3QB
Settlement	Haynes
Size	Submitted Developable Area:1.82 ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.82 ha
	Measured GIS Area:1.8 ha
Proposed Use	Housing
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or conf	lict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 25-30 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 43
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation area
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not in AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹² Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more 13.			
_	ionship to Settlement		
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site relates quite well to the village and is located in a central area. A modest development would provide a logical extension to the settlement without constraint
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	No coalescence identified
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAG	STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ¹⁴ .			
Critic	Critical Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	G	None identified	
	requirements that will enable delivery ¹⁵ ?			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAC	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT				
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for				
	opment where there are no legal or ownership problems	s and the	e landowner has expressed an		
intent	tion to develop the site.				
Avail	ability				
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development potential?	A	Mixture of housing and agriculture		
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	A	Client owns part of the site, but submission states that all owners are intent on developing and details are provided for other land owner.		
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	G	None apparent		
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	No permission.		

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

14 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical

¹⁴ Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

significant delays in the delivery of development.

This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

Does the site continue to next stage?	Yes

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

i iaii.			
Gree	nbelt		
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No	Not in Green belt
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A	
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A	
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. ¹⁶	N/A	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

¹⁶ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

	• 26 - 75% (A)		is used for agricultural purposes
	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)		and therefore does not fall within
	2376 - 076 (Greenheid) (IX)		the definition of PDL.
Com	munity		the definition of 1 BE.
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	Not in a NP designation area
	designated areas)	110	Thot in a run addignation area
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	None apparent
	Has any community consultation taken place?	' ' '	Trone apparent
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	No impact on sustainability
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		,
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
	house etc)		
Cum	ulative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	Number of houses in 2006: 500
	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		Number of houses in 2016: 500
	the parish?		Percentage Growth: 0%
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		9
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage	`	
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	Number of houses in 2016: 500
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Number of outstanding completions
	be completed?		2016: 5
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		Percentage Growth: 1.00%
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		S .
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
Phys	ical Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	None noted.
	features that affect the site's developability?		
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.	<u> </u>	
Relat	ionship to Settlement		
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	The site is situated in close
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		proximity to the village centre but a
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		large portion of it would be
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		considerably set back from the
	form?		existing line of development. It may
			therefore be more appropriate to
			only take forward a portion so as
			not to significantly change the
			settlement's unique pattern.
Agric	cultural Land Quality		

24	Would the development impact on high quality	Α	Grade 3
	agricultural land?		
	 50% or more in non-agricultural land (G) 		
	 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A) 		
	 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R) 		

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	ge 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.				
	Transport and Access to Services				
25					
23	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability of the site for housing. It links to the				
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.	OI tillo oii	to for flodding. It lifting to the		
	Courion o Cottomone Filoratorily Attack				
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately				
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	In settlement		
	Yes, in the settlement (G)				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining				
	settlement (R)				
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	Α	Adjoining settlement		
	applicable)?				
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	 Other catchment school available (A) 				
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Adjoining settlement		
	school?				
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	 Other catchment school available (A) 				
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	Α	Adjoining settlement		
	centre?				
	Yes, in the settlement (G)				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining				
	settlement (R)	Δ.	0		
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Convenience Store/Post office		
	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G) Construction (Part Office (Newspaper))				
	 Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent 				
	(A)				
27	 None (R) Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at 	G	228m		
21	least hourly at peak times):	G	22011		
	Less than 400m (G)				
	• 400m-800m (A)				
	Over 800m (R)				
	 Over 800m (R) OR submission form stated that improved 				
	public transport facilities could be provided as				
	part of the development (G)				
	part of the development (G)				

28	Distance to nearest train station:Less than 800m (G)	R	Over 1200m
	` <i>,</i> ,		
	• 800m-1200m (A)		
	 Over 1200m (R) 		
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Submission proposes retaining
			existing access onto Northwood
			End Road which would need
			upgrading. Submission also
			suggests potential for access from
			adjoining submitted site (NLP502).
Scho	ol Capacity		adjoining dubinitied dite (1121 dd2).
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	Α	Lower school has a small amount
	·		of capacity, need for middle and
			upper places
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address	Α	Additional middle and upper school
	this?		places are planned at Etonbury
	uno.		financial contributions would be
Moto	Littiities (Cas Flactricity and Breadband Infrastrus	tura will	sought.
	Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc		
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a
	infrastructure for waste water and potable water?		statutory duty to supply water and
			waste water infrastructure to new
			development sites and a lack of
			available capacity does not prevent
			future development. Any
			infrastructure upgrades required
			will depend on the quantum and
			location of growth falling within
			each catchment area. Whilst the
			Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April
			2017) identifies the current capacity
			of existing water infrastructure, a
			Stage 2 study will be prepared to
			test the cumulative effect of sites
			that have been shortlisted for
			allocation in the Local Plan and
			identify the nature and timing of
			any upgrades required.
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te		
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to	G	Site is at limited risk of surface
	site allocations, in regards to flood risk?		water flooding, assessment is
	 No assessment required (G) 		unlikely to be required
	 Consider Further Assessment (A) 		
	 Further Assessment Required (R) 		
Envir	onmental Health		
34	Contamination	G	No significant features
	Are there any contamination constraints on site and		The original control of
	will there be any remediation required?		
35	Adjoining uses	G	Nothing to note of concorn
33		G	Nothing to note of concern
	Would any adjoining uses have the potential to		
	cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example;		
_	noise and smell)		
	onmental Constraints	-	
36	Landscape character	Α	Capacity for some development
	What would the impacts of development be on the		with appropriate landscape
1	landscape character or setting of the area or any		mitigation.
<u> </u>	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		<u> </u>

	designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?		
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	Her: G Arch: A	Site has archaeological potential but this would not prevent allocation providing appropriate mitigation is undertaken. No Heritage comment.
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	A	Site seems to be grassland with an existing mature tree line in the west. As such there could be a potential interest for farmland species, including barn owl and bats for foraging. Any development would need to retain and buffer the hedge / tree line to provide a wildlife corridor to open countryside beyond. Site lies in NIA so a net gain for biodiversity would be expected.
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure? rals and Waste	A	No parish GI plan available. Site within Greensand Ridge NIA and strategic GI corridors. No loss of Leisure Strategy open space.
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		No planning history
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

Development of the entire site would considerably change the pattern of the historic settlement, and therefore a portion of the site may be more appropriate. Concerns about educational capacity have been raised in this area. Any development on site would need to have appropriate landscape mitigation, and as the site has archaeological potential appropriate mitigation may be required for this also. The site has potential interest for farmland species, so any development would need to retain and buffer the hedge/tree line to provide a wildlife corridor. Since no other significant constraints have been identified, a portion of the site which would be more complementary to the existing settlement pattern will be considered further.

STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viability				
43	Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by	G	The Council's Residential	
	consultants, is the probability of the site being viable		Development Viability Report (Feb	

high, medium or low? High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below benchmark land value Achievability	2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land values and as such the report indicates that such development would likely be viable.
Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and 2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%.
When can the scheme realistically commence delivery? • 0 to 5 years (deliverable) • 6 to 10 years • 11 to 15 years • 15 to 20 years • Outside Plan Period	This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East-West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway; M1 improvements; and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority.
46 What is the indicative build out time of the site?	0 to 5 years
Does the site pass this stage?	Yes

SUMMARY

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

• The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan

- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹⁷

Site details		
Reference Number	NLP356	
Site Name	Land west of Silver End Rd, Haynes	
Site Address	Land west of Silver End Rd, Haynes	
Settlement	Haynes	
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.5ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.5ha Measured GIS Area:0.5ha	
Proposed Use	Housing	
Any other information	Site within strategic GI network	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	BE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or conf	lict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 15 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 12
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not in an AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹⁷ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

provid	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more 18.			
Relat	ionship to Settlement			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	Site presents a logical option for extension to Haynes. It is surrounded by the settlement envelope on three sides.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Doesn't cause coalescence	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

_	STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ¹⁹ .				
Critical Infrastructure					
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	G	None identified		
requirements that will enable delivery ²⁰ ?					
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

This	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an			
	tion to develop the site.		·	
Avail	ability			
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development potential?	G	100% Green field	
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	G	Submitted on behalf of land owner. Intention to develop stated.	
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	G	None apparent	
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	None apparent	
Does	Does the site continue to next stage?			

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

¹⁸ The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-

led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

19 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

20 This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

	riaii.			
Greer	nbelt			
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No		
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A		
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A		
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. ²¹	N/A		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Previously Developed Land

IICAI	i reviously beveloped Land			
16	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	100% Greenfield	
	with the NPPF definition?			
	• 76% - 100% (G)			
	• 26 - 75% (A)			
	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)			

Community

²¹ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

47	Naighboughaad Dlanning (auty applicable in	NIa	Not in a ND decimation and
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	Not in a NP designation area
	designated areas) Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	None apparent
10	Has any community consultation taken place?	110	
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	No impact on sustainability
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
	house etc)		
Cumu	ulative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	Number of houses in 2006: 500
	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		Number of houses in 2016: 500
	the parish?		Percentage Growth: 0%
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	Number of houses in 2016: 500
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Number of outstanding completions
	be completed?		2016: 5
	• Less than 5% growth (G)		Percentage Growth: 1.00%
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R) This is coloulated by working out the total number of		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
Physi	ical Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	None apparent
	features that affect the site's developability?		
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	onship to Settlement		
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	Development of this site would fill
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		in a gap in the traditional settlement
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		pattern.
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		
Acric	form?		
	Ultural Land Quality Would the development impact on high quality	<u>C</u>	Loop than 500/ in in agricultural
24	Would the development impact on high quality agricultural land?	G	Less than 50% is in agricultural
	• 50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)		designation
	· · ·		
	• 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)		
	 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R) 		

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	Transport and Access to Services				
25	Facilities and services				
23	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the cit	e for housing. It links to the		
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.				
	Council & Cottlement Flictatory Addit.				
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately				
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Haynes Lower School		
	Yes, in the settlement (G)		riayilee Zower Contect		
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	riot in the comment of all adjoining				
25b	settlement (R)	Λ	Robert Bloomfield		
250	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	A	Robert Biooffilield		
	applicable)?				
	Yes, in the settlement (G)				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 	r			
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Other catchment school available (A)				
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	A	Samuel Whitbread		
	school?				
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	 Other catchment school available (A) 				
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	Α	Wilstead surgery		
	centre?				
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining				
	settlement (R)				
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Convenience store/ post office		
	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)	*	Controllioned did of poor online		
	Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent				
	(A)				
	• None (R)				
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	67m		
	least hourly at peak times):				
	• Less than 400m (G)				
	• 400m-800m (A)				
	0 000 (5)				
	· ·				
	OR submission form stated that improved Public transport facilities could be provided as				
	public transport facilities could be provided as				
20	part of the development (G)	D			
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R			
	• Less than 800m (G)				
	• 800m-1200m (A)				
	Over 1200m (R)				
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Site fronts on to Silver End Road.		
	ol Capacity		I = 1		
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	R	There is an existing need for school		
			places across all phases		

31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	А	Submission commits to contributions via CIL/S106 but not to new provision and only a small number of houses are proposed.
	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required.
Drain	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te	st)	
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk? No assessment required (G) Consider Further Assessment (A) Further Assessment Required (R)	G	Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required
Envir	onmental Health		
34	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	G	No immediate issues
Envir	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	G	Scope for development if roadside enclosure conserved and screening framework to western boundary to mitigate urban influence.
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	Her: G Arch: R	Unsuitable for allocation in archaeological terms as site contains well preserved medieval earthworks. No heritage comment.
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	А	Open grassland, NIA, enhancement opportunities
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space,	A/G	Within Greensand NIA, would need to deliver habitat net gain and

	leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?		retain / enhance existing habitats. No loss of Leisure Strategy open space.
Mine	rals and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site is not appropriate for allocation in archaeological terms, in addition to this there does not appear to be enough education capacity in this area and whilst the site could make contributions, the effect this would have would be minimal due to the site only providing approximately 15 dwellings. Further to this development would also fill in what is a gap in the settlement pattern unique to this settlement.



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING²²

Site details	Site details					
Reference Number	NLP406					
Site Name	Land south of Northwood End Road, Haynes					
Site Address	Land south of Northwood End Road, Haynes					
Settlement	Haynes					
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 5.393ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 5.393ha Measured GIS Area: 2.2ha					
Proposed Use	Residential					
Any other information						

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	BE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or conf	lict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 40-50 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 39
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation area
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not in AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

²² Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

provid	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more ²³ .							
Relati	ionship to Settlement							
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	A	Whilst the site does border the settlement envelope, it lies on the edge of the settlement and its horseshoe shape means that it is not particularly well related to the settlement.					
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	The site does not cause coalescence					
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes					

_	GE 1C ASSESSMENT							
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ²⁴ .							
Critic	cal Infrastructure							
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	G	No requirements is	dentified				
	requirements that will enable delivery ²⁵ ?							
Does	the site continue to next stage?	Yes						

STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. **Availability** 9 What is the existing use of the site? 100% greenfield G Would the existing use limit the development potential? 10 Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner G Submitted on behalf of sole who has expressed an intention to develop the site? landowner. Intention to develop stated. 11 Are there any legal or ownership problems that could G None apparent delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome? 12 Does the site already have planning permission for G None apparent the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation. Does the site continue to next stage? Yes

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

24 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

25 This is an accessment beauty as it is in the delivery of development.

²⁵ This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

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This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they may be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

riaii.			
Gree	nbelt		
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No	
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A	
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A	
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. ²⁶	N/A	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Previ	Previously Developed Land								
16	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	100% greenfield						
	with the NPPF definition?		-						
	• 76% - 100% (G)								
	• 26 - 75% (A)								

²⁶ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)		
Comr	munity		
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	Not in a NP designation area
	designated areas)		
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	None apparent
	Has any community consultation taken place?		
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
40	response.	NIa	No import on acceptain delities
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	No impact on sustainability
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public house etc)		
Cumi	ılative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	Number of houses in 2006: 500
20	years, what has been the level of housing growth in	G	Number of houses in 2006, 500
	the parish?		Percentage Growth: 0%
	Less than 5% growth (G)		1 Creentage Growth. 070
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	Number of houses in 2016: 500
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Number of outstanding completions
	be completed?		2016: 5
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		Percentage Growth: 1.00%
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
	cal Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	None apparent, though the site
Ì	features that affect the site's developability?		would have to be designed around
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		the existing pub which the site
Dalat	works, topography or wind turbines.		borders on three sides.
	Would development of the cite be complementery to	Ι Δ	The site would have as advance
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	The site would have an adverse
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		impact on the natural and unique character of the village and its
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		attractive relationship with the open
	form?		countryside. The settlement begins
	101111.		to become more dispersed at this
			edge and it is mainly low density
			development that is currently
			related to the countryside.
Agric	ultural Land Quality		
24	Would the development impact on high quality	Α	Grade 3
	agricultural land?		

•	50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)	
•	50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)	
•	50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)	

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Stage	Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.								
Trans	Transport and Access to Services								
25	Facilities and services								
	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability of the site for housing. It links to the								
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.								
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately								
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Haynes Lower School						
	Yes, in the settlement (G)								
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 								
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 								
	 Not in the settlement or an adjoining 								
	settlement (R)		Y						
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	Α	Robert Bloomfield						
	applicable)?								
	Yes, in the settlement (G) Yes, proposed as part of the development (C)								
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)								
	 Other catchment school available (A) 								
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Samuel Whitbread						
	school?								
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 								
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 								
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 								
	 Other catchment school available (A) 								
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	Α	Wilstead surgery						
	centre?								
	Yes, in the settlement (G)Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)								
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 								
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining								
	settlement (R)								
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Convenience store/ post office						
	 Town Centre/ Supermarket (G) 		·						
	 Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent 								
	(A)								
	None (R)								
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	280m						
	least hourly at peak times):								
	Less than 400m (G)400m-800m (A)								
	• Over 800m (R)								
	OR submission form stated that improved								
	public transport facilities could be provided as								
	part of the development (G)								
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R							
	 Less than 800m (G) 								

	000 4000 (4)		
	• 800m-1200m (A)		
29	Over 1200m (R) In the price page site is recorded and page site.	0	Cita has a serie frontene ante
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Site has some frontage onto Northwood End Road.
Scho	ol Capacity		Northwood End Road.
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	Α	Existing school capacity issues –
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all liers:	/ \	full contributions would be required,
			school expansion land may be
			needed if both sites come forward.
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address	Α	No commitment made
	this?		
	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a
	infrastructure for waste water and potable water?		statutory duty to supply water and
			waste water infrastructure to new
			development sites and a lack of
			available capacity does not prevent
			future development. Any
			infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and
			location of growth falling within
			each catchment area. Whilst the
			Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April
			2017) identifies the current capacity
			of existing water infrastructure, a
			Stage 2 study will be prepared to
		· ·	test the cumulative effect of sites
			that have been shortlisted for
			allocation in the Local Plan and
			identify the nature and timing of
			any upgrades required.
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te		
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to	G	Site is at limited risk of surface
	site allocations, in regards to flood risk?		water flooding, assessment is
	No assessment required (G)		unlikely to be required
	Consider Further Assessment (A)		
Envir	 Further Assessment Required (R) onmental Health 		
34	Contamination	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
37	Are there any contamination constraints on site and	1777	/ waiting confinents
	will there be any remediation required?		
35	Adjoining uses	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
	Would any adjoining uses have the potential to		7a.iii.ig commonite
	cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example;		
	noise and smell)		
Envir	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character	Her: R	Unsuitable in landscape terms for
	What would the impacts of development be on the	Arch:	all but very minor farmstead scale
	landscape character or setting of the area or any	R	development linked to road
	designated landscapes? Would there be any direct		frontage; development on lower
	or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural		slopes unacceptable. Site is
	Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?		elevated and highly visible in views
			across open valley. Contains
			important feature trees e.g. limes.
			Important to conserve roadside
			boundary hedge and protect

		I	
			amenity of right of way.
			Heritage comment: Development
			would be out of scale at edge of
			village.
37	Heritage/ Archaeology	Arch:	This site lies partly within the
	What would the impacts of development be on any	Α	historic core of the settlement of
	heritage assets and their setting?	Her: A	Northwood End, Haynes (as
	Are there any opportunities for enhancement of	1101.7	recorded on the CBC Historic
	these assets?		Environment Record) therefore it
			has archaeological potential.
			Archaeological potential does not
			prevent allocation or development
			providing that an appropriate
			mitigation strategy in line with para
			141 of the NPPF was implemented.
			Any planning submission would
			need to be accompanied by the
			results of an intrusive
			archaeological field evaluation to
			satisfy para 128 of the NPPF.
			Should the site be allocated, a
			contingency for archaeological
			works must be included in any
			proposal to prevent issues with
			viability.
			Heritage comment: Possible, If a
			good scheme if treated sensitively
			to adjacent listed building and
			nearby historic environment
38	Ecological Assets	Α	NIA, opportunity to achieve net
	What would the impacts of development be on any	/ /	gains, retain, buffer and enhance
	biological, geological or ecological assets and are		hedgerows & trees. Mature trees,
	there any opportunities for their enhancement?		potential Protected species interest
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets	A/G	Within Greensand NIA, would need
33	Are there any potential conflicts with open space,	7/3	•
			to demonstrate locally appropriate
	leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there		habitat enhancement. RoW across
	capacity to provide the required levels of open space		site, development would need to
	and green infrastructure?		enhance corridor. Existing
			hedgerows on boundary would
			need to be retained and enhanced.
			No loss of LS sites
	als and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on	G	No issues
	safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including		
	mineral safeguarding sites?		
Plann	ing History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example		None
	planning applications and submissions to previous		
	Allocations Plans)		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No
D003	and the continue to more stage:		110

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site is an unusual shape and lies on the edge of the settlement in an area of lower density, and as such development here would significantly change the historic settlement pattern. The landscaping makes development of the lower slopes unsuitable, the site is elevated and highly

visible in views across the valley. The site also contains important landscape features (Lime trees), in landscape terms it is important to conserve the roadside boundary hedge and protect amenity of right of way. The site also has archaeological potential, but this would not prevent allocation providing appropriate mitigation was undertaken. The Council's Ecologist has noted the site's mature trees and potential protected species interest. Considering these constraints, the site will not be considered any further as part of this process.



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING²⁷

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP424
Site Name	Land North of Northwood End Road & West of A600, Haynes
Site Address	Northwood End Road
	Haynes
	Bedfordshire
Settlement	Haynes
Size	Submitted Developable Area:6.9992ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 6.9992ha
	Measured GIS Area:11.8ha
Proposed Use	Housing
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	E 1A ASSESSMENT		
This s	tage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small	ll or confl	ict with national policy designations.
Provis	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 66 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 125
	Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.		
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	Site not within flood zone 2 or 3
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	Site not at risk from ground water flooding
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 be	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not nationally significant designations
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

²⁷ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

provid	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more ²⁸ .			
Relati	ionship to Settlement			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	A	Site forms an extension to Haynes in the east. Smaller portion would be more within keeping of the character of Hayes.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	No coalescence	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAG	STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ²⁹ .				
Critical Infrastructure					
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	Α	No critical infrastructure required.		
	requirements that will enable delivery ³⁰ ?		•		
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

STAG	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT				
This s	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not avail	lable. A s	site is considered available for		
devel	opment where there are no legal or ownership problems	and the	landowner has expressed an		
intent	ion to develop the site.				
Availa	ability				
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	Greenfield		
	Would the existing use limit the development				
	potential?				
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Land owner intent on developing		
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?				
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	No legal or ownership issues		
	delay or prevent development?				
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically				
	overcome?				
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	G	No planning permission		
	the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red				
	because it's not eligible for allocation.				
Does	Does the site continue to next stage? Yes				

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

28

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

29 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

30 This is an accomment based on the infrastructure.

³⁰ This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

	Greenbelt				
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No	Not within the green belt		
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A			
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A			
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.31	N/A	Voc		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Stage	Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.				
Previ	Previously Developed Land				
16	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	86% of the land greenfield		
	with the NPPF definition?				
	• 76% - 100% (G)				
	• 26 - 75% (A)				
	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)				

Community

³¹ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	NA
	designated areas)		
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
18	emerging Neighbourhood Plan? Community Consultation	No	No consultation
10	Has any community consultation taken place?	INO	NO COnsultation
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	No impact on sustainability
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
Cumi	house etc) Ilative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	There has been no housing growth
20	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		in Haynes
	the parish?		,
	Less than 5% growth (G)		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
21	census and completions data). What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	There will be a 1% growth with the
21	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to	G	outstanding planning permissions
	be completed?		cutotaliang planning permissions
	Less than 5% growth (G)		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions data).		
Physi	cal Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	Α	Submission forms states that low
	features that affect the site's developability?		voltage powerlines will need to be
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		re-routed.
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	ionship to Settlement		The eller in lea
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	R	The site is large in comparison to
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		the scale of Haynes and it is considered it would affect the
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		character and pattern of
	form?		development of Hayes. A smaller
			portion of the site would be
			considered more appropriate in
			relation to the existing settlement
			pattern.
	Ultural Land Quality Would the development impact on high quality	В	Crada 2
24	Would the development impact on high quality agricultural land?	R	Grade 2
	50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)		
	 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A) 		
	- 00/0 of more in Orace ob, 4 of 5 (A)	l	

• 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)			
	•	50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)	

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.				
	Transport and Access to Services				
25	Facilities and services				
	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the si	te for housing. It links to the		
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.				
25-	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately		La Harra		
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	In Haynes		
	Yes, in the settlement (G) Yes, prepared as part of the development (C)				
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) No, but an adjacing acttlement date (A)				
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Not in the pattlement or an adjoining.				
	 Not in the settlement or an adjoining settlement (R) 				
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	Α	Adjoining settlement		
200	applicable)?		rajoining contenion		
	Yes, in the settlement (G)				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Other catchment school available (A)				
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Adjoining settlement		
	school?				
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 				
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Other catchment school available (A)	_			
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	Α	Adjoining settlement		
	centre? • Yes, in the settlement (G)				
	Yes, in the settlement (G)Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)				
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 				
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining				
	settlement (R)				
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Post office		
	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)				
	 Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent 				
	(A)				
	None (R)				
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	240.25m		
	least hourly at peak times):				
	• Less than 400m (G)				
	• 400m-800m (A)				
	Over 800m (R) OB submission forms stated that improved				
	OR submission form stated that improved public transport facilities could be provided as				
	public transport facilities could be provided as part of the development (G)				
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R	Over 1200m		
	Less than 800m (G)	``	3131 1203111		
	• 800m-1200m (A)				
	• Over 1200m (R)				
	3701 1200111 (17)	l			

29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Northwood End Road			
	School Capacity					
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	R	Lower school has a small amount of capacity, need for middle and upper places			
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	R	Additional middle and upper school places are planned at Etonbury financial contributions would be sought.			
Wate	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)			
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required.			
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te					
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk? No assessment required (G) Consider Further Assessment (A) Further Assessment Required (R)	G	Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required			
Envir	onmental Health					
34	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	R/A/G	Awaiting comments			
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	G	No issues			
	onmental Constraints					
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	R	Unacceptable for development in landscape terms –land forms part of open greensand plateau, highly visible in views from village and A600.			
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	Her: G Arch: A	Site has multi-period archaeological potential but this would not prevent allocation providing appropriate mitigation is undertaken. No heritage comments.			

38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	A	In NIA, buffer and enhance existing ecological features. Potential farmland species impact.
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	A	Greensand Ridge Walk goes across the site with another ROW on eastern edge. Route would need enhancing within a green corridor. Within NIA, habitat enhancement required. No loss of leisure.
Mine	als and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ing History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

Due to the scale of the proposed site, there are landscape concerns as the land forms part of the open greensand plateau and is highly visible in views from the village and A600.

The Greensand Ridge walk passes through the site and there is another ROW of the eastern edge of the site. The route would need enhancing within a green corridor. In addition to this concerns have been raised over education capacity in the area and the site has multi-period archaeological potential, though this would not prevent allocation providing appropriate mitigation was undertaken. The site is within the Nature Improvement Area and the existing ecological features would need to be buffered and enhanced. There could be a potential impact on farmland species. The site is not considered appropriate for development due to the scale and location of the site in relation to Haynes. Development of this site would have an adverse impact on the existing settlement pattern, and it is not considered appropriate to take forward only a portion of the site a portion would constitute a poorly-related back-land development.

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING³²

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP502
Site Name	Land south of Northwood End Road, Haynes
Site Address	Land south of Northwood End Road, Haynes
Settlement	Haynes
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 5.39 ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 5.39 ha
	Measured GIS Area: 3.14 ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	II or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 50-60 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 56
Flood	d Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Not in a designation area
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not in AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

³² Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be se	f- G The site relates quite well to the
contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways that separate it from the main settlement?	village and is located in a centra area. A modest development wo
Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing villag or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on individual context of the site.	ot .

	SE 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ³⁴ .			
Critic	Critical Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	G	No requirements identified	
	requirements that will enable delivery ³⁵ ?			
Does the site continue to next stage? Yes			Yes	

This s devel intent	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. Availability			
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	100% greenfield	
9	Would the existing use limit the development potential?	G	100% greenileid	
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	G	Submitted on behalf of sole land owner. Intention to develop stated.	
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	G	None apparent	
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red	G	None apparent	

³³ The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locallyled garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

34 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical

development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

because it's not eligible for allocation.		
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Plan.					
	Greenbelt				
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No	Not in Green Belt		
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A			
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A			
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.36	N/A			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Previously Developed Land

16 Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance | R | with the NPPF definition? | 100% green field

³⁶ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

			T
	• 76% - 100% (G)		
	• 26 - 75% (A)		
	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)		
	nunity		
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	Not in a NP designation area
	designated areas)		
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	None apparent
	Has any community consultation taken place?		
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
40	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	No impact on sustainability
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
Curren	house etc)		
	Ilative Impact	G	Number of houses in 2006: 500
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	Number of houses in 2006: 500 Number of houses in 2016: 500
	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		
	the parish?		Percentage Growth: 0%
	• Less than 5% growth (G)		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	 More than 20% growth (R) This is calculated by working out the total number of 		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage	· ·	
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		, in the second
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	Number of houses in 2016: 500
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Number of outstanding completions
	be completed?		2016: 5
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		Percentage Growth: 1.00%
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
	cal Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	None apparent
	features that affect the site's developability?		
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
D - ! - !	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	Would development of the cite be complemented to	Λ	The cite is city stad in slane
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	The site is situated in close
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		proximity to the village centre but a
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		large portion of it would be considerably set back from the
	form?		existing line of development. It may
	1011111		therefore be more appropriate to
			only take forward a portion so as
			not to significantly change the
			settlement's unique pattern.
Agric	ultural Land Quality		

24	Would the development impact on high quality	Α	Grade 3
	agricultural land?		
	 50% or more in non-agricultural land (G) 		
	 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A) 		
	 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R) 		

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	tage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.					
	Transport and Access to Services					
25	Facilities and services					
23	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the sit	te for housing. It links to the			
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.		or the demignation and the demonstration			
	,					
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately					
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Haynes Lower School			
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 					
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 					
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 					
	 Not in the settlement or an adjoining 					
	settlement (R)					
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	Α	Robert Bloomfield			
	applicable)?					
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 					
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 					
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 					
	Other catchment school available (A)					
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Samuel Whitbread			
	school?					
	Yes, in the settlement (G)					
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 					
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 					
05.	Other catchment school available (A)					
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	Α	Wilstead surgery			
	centre?					
	Yes, in the settlement (G) Yes, proposed as part of the development (C)					
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) No. has been additionable as the second data. (A)					
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Not in the pattlement or an adjoining.					
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining settlement (P)					
26	settlement (R) What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Convenience store/ post office			
20	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)		Convenience store/ post office			
	 Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent 					
	(A)					
	None (R)					
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	154m			
	least hourly at peak times):					
	Less than 400m (G)					
	• 400m-800m (A)					
	• Over 800m (R)					
	OR submission form stated that improved					
	public transport facilities could be provided as					
	part of the development (G)					

		T _				
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R				
	Less than 800m (G)					
	• 800m-1200m (A)					
	 Over 1200m (R) 					
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Site has some frontage onto			
	to the one decession from the exacting read networks		Northwood End Road.			
Scho	ol Capacity		Trontinged End Freder			
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	Α	Existing school capacity issues –			
	Do the local concolo have capacity at all tiere.	' \	full contributions would be required,			
			school expansion land may be			
			needed if both sites come forward.			
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address	G	Submission states that extensions			
31	this?		to lower/middle school may be			
	uno:		possible.			
Wato	Tutilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	turo will				
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a			
32	infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	MAG	statutory duty to supply water and			
	initiastructure for waste water and potable water?		waste water infrastructure to new			
			development sites and a lack of			
			•			
			available capacity does not prevent future development. Any			
			infrastructure upgrades required			
			will depend on the quantum and			
			location of growth falling within			
			each catchment area. Whilst the			
			Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April			
			2017) identifies the current capacity			
			of existing water infrastructure, a			
			Stage 2 study will be prepared to			
			test the cumulative effect of sites			
			that have been shortlisted for			
			allocation in the Local Plan and			
			identify the nature and timing of			
		. 4\	any upgrades required.			
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te					
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to	R/A/G	Awaiting comment.			
	site allocations, in regards to flood risk?					
	 No assessment required (G) 					
	Consider Further Assessment (A)					
	Further Assessment Required (R)					
	onmental Health					
34	Contamination	R/A/G	Awaiting comments			
	Are there any contamination constraints on site and					
	will there be any remediation required?					
35	Adjoining uses	R/A/G	Awaiting comments			
	Would any adjoining uses have the potential to					
	cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example;					
	noise and smell)					
Environmental Constraints						
36	Landscape character	G	Development acceptable if well			
	What would the impacts of development be on the		integrated to strengthen boundary			
1	landscape character or setting of the area or any		hedgerow to south. Important to			
	designated landscapes? Would there be any direct		conserve setting of Hill Farm and			
	or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural		the Greensand Ridge path.			
	Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?]			
37	Heritage/ Archaeology	Arch:	This site lies partly within the			
, . .	indicated in the control of the cont	, O. I.	one nee party within the			

	What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	A Her: A	historic core of the settlement of Northwood End, Haynes (as recorded on the CBC Historic Environment Record) therefore it has archaeological potential. Archaeological potential does not prevent allocation or development providing that an appropriate mitigation strategy in line with para 141 of the NPPF was implemented. Any planning submission would need to be accompanied by the results of an intrusive archaeological field evaluation to satisfy para 128 of the NPPF. Should the site be allocated, a contingency for archaeological works must be included in any proposal to prevent issues with viability. Heritage comment: Possible, If a
			good scheme if treated sensitively due to nearby historic environment
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	G	NIA, opportunity to achieve net gains, retain, buffer and enhance hedgerows & trees.
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	A/G	Greensand Ridge Walk next to eastern edge – visual impact would need to be positive. Within Greensand NIA, would need to demonstrate locally appropriate habitat enhancement. Existing hedgerows on boundary would need to be retained and enhanced. No loss of Leisure Strategy sites.
Mine	rals and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on	G	No issues
	safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?		
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		
Does the site continue to next stage?			Yes

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

Development of the entire site would considerably change the pattern of the historic settlement, and therefore a portion of the site may be more appropriate. Concerns about educational capacity have been raised in this area. Any development on site would need to have appropriate landscape mitigation, particularly strengthening of the boundary hedgerow to the south and ensuring that the setting of Hill Farm and the Greensand Ridge path is conserved. As the site has archaeological potential appropriate mitigation may be required.

The eastern portion of the site will be considered further, however the western portion is felt to have a poor relationship with the existing settlement and development of the full site would change the nature of the historic settlement pattern significantly.

STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viability

- Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by consultants, is the probability of the site being viable high, medium or low?
 - High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value
 - Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value
 - Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below benchmark land value

The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land values and as such the report indicates that such development would likely be viable.

Achievability

Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?

The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb. 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and 2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%. This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East-West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway: M1 improvements: and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority.

45	When can the scheme realistically commence delivery? • 0 to 5 years (deliverable) • 6 to 10 years • 11 to 15 years • 15 to 20 years • Outside Plan Period		Submission states site could commence delivery within 0-5 years. 0 to 5 years
46	What is the indicative build out time of the site?		The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017 indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to first completion and would build out the site at a rate of 40 dwellings per annum there after.
Does the site pass this stage?		Yes	

SUMMARY

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities

