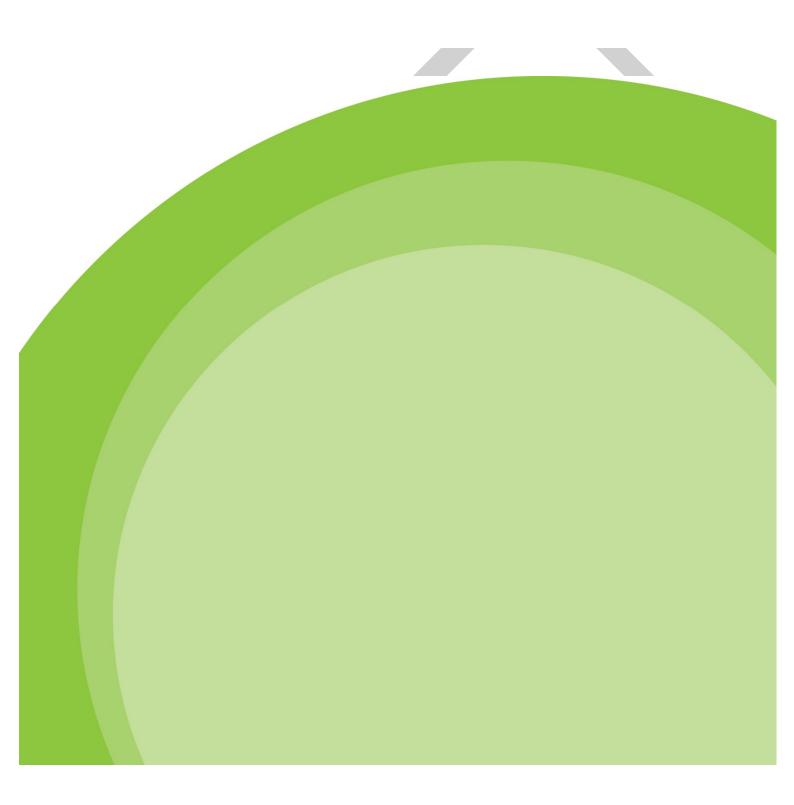


## **Site Assessment Forms**

Hockliffe



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## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>1</sup>

Site details		
Reference Number	ALP125	
Site Name	Land off Leighton Road	
Site Address	Land off Leighton Road, Hockliffe	
Settlement	Hockliffe	
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.98ha	
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.98ha	
	Measured GIS Area: 0.99ha	
Proposed Use	Residential (potential for a local shop)	
Any other	Same as NLP 413	
information		

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT					
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.					
Provi	sional Site Capacity					
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  125  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  24			
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)			
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

<sup>1</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>2</sup>.

**Relationship to Settlement** 

Does the site continue to next stage?

6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the	G	The site lies to the south of the A5 that runs through Hockliffe, it can
	settlement or are there any major physical		be seen as a logical extension and
	constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways)		access to the site can be obtained
	that separate it from the main settlement?		via the A4012 rather than the A5.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an	G	Does not cause coalescence
	existing village or town and another existing village		
	or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site		
	would be able to provide appropriate buffers or		
	green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not		
	be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided		
	leaving a reasonable developable area based on the		
	individual context of the site.		

STAG	E 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs <sup>3</sup> .			
Critic	al Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the <b>critical infrastructure</b>	G	N/A	
	requirements that will enable delivery4?			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Vas	

Yes

#### STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. **Availability** What is the existing use of the site? G Agricultural Would the existing use limit the development 10 Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner G Intent on developing the site who has expressed an intention to develop the site? 11 Are there any legal or ownership problems that could G No issues delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome? 12 Does the site already have planning permission for G No planning apps the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf</a>)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

because it's not eligible for allocation.	
Does the site continue to next stage?	Yes

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Plan.	Plan.				
Green	nbelt				
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	100% within Greenbelt		
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No			
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?  • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)  • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA  • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)  Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	Yes or No	<ul> <li>Hockliffe has a lower school, convenience store and post office</li> <li>Does not make a strong contribution</li> <li>The A5 runs through Hockliffe</li> </ul>		
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.5	Yes	Hockliffe is in the process of producing a Neighbourhood Plan and have highlighted potential sites, but their draft plan has not reached the consultation stage.  No		
Dues	Does the site continue to next stage?				

<sup>5</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>6</sup>

Site details			
Reference Number	ALP184		
Site Name	Land R/O Manor Avenue, Woburn Road, Hockliffe		
Site Address	Land R/O Manor Avenue, Woburn Road, Hockliffe		
Settlement	Hockliffe		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.9ha		
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.9ha		
	Measured GIS Area: 2.24ha		
Proposed Use	Residential		
Any other			
information			

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  56  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  46
Flood	I Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seaue	ntial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

<sup>6</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

# STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>7</sup>.

Relationship	to Se	ttlement
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6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site lies to the east of Hockliffe Road and can be seen as a logical extension although access to the site will need to be improved.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence

Does the site continue to next stage?

_	SE 1C ASSESSMENT	
This s	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to mee	t their critical infrastructure needs <sup>8</sup> .
Critic	al Infrastructure	
8	Can the site meet the <b>critical infrastructure</b> G	N/A
	requirements that will enable delivery <sup>9</sup> ?	
Does	the site continue to next stage?	Yes

Yes

#### STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site.

Avai	Availability				
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development potential?	G	Undeveloped open land (backland)		
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	G	Intent on developing the site.		
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development?  If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	G	No issues		
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red	G	No planning apps		

7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

because it's not eligible for allocation.		
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Plan.			
Greenbelt			
13 Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	100% within the Greenbelt	
If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No		
<ul> <li>Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?         <ul> <li>Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)</li> <li>Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA</li> <li>Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*</li> </ul>	No	<ul> <li>Hockliffe has a lower school, convenience store and a post office</li> <li>Does not make a strong contribution to Luton HMA</li> <li>Has direct access to the A5</li> </ul>	
Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.10	No	Hockliffe is producing a Neighbourhood Plan and have highlighted potential sites within this, but have yet to reach the consultation stage of their draft plan.	
Does the site continue to next stage?		No	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>11</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP175
Site Name	Land off Leighton Road, Hockliffe
Site Address	Land off Leighton Road, Hockliffe
Settlement	Hockliffe
Size	Submitted Developable Area: Area A – 1.3ha Submitted Whole Site Area: Area A – 1.6ha, Area B – 2.4ha Measured GIS Area: 3.90ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	
information	

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  40  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  31
Flood	d Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	Yes	Approx. 80% within the floodzone 2 and 3
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations found on site.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

<sup>11</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>12</sup>

Site details				
Reference Number	NLP242			
Site Name	Land North East of A5 (Between Birch's Close and Mcdonalds), Hockliffe			
Site Address	Land North East of A5 (Between Birch's Close and Mcdonalds), Hockliffe			
Settlement				
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 3.2ha			
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 3.2ha			
	Measured GIS Area: 3.08ha			
Proposed Use	Residential			
Any other				
information				

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT				
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	III or conf	lict with national policy designations.		
Prov	isional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  Up to 100  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  55		
Floo	Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the Sequential Test)				
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	Yes	More than 50% of the site is at risk of surface water flooding (1/100 year occurrence)		
Natio	onally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations found on site.		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB.		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>13</sup>

Site details	Site details				
Reference Number	NLP259				
Site Name	Land to the rear of Manor Avenue				
Site Address	Land Rear of Manor Avenue, Off Woburn Road, Hockliffe, Beds, LU7 9LL				
Settlement	Hockliffe				
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.3ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.3ha				
	Measured GIS Area: 1.92ha				
Proposed Use	Residential, Village Hall and Car Park				
Any other					
information					

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT					
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.					
	sional Site Capacity					
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  60  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  31			
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No				
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)			
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations found on site			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

<sup>13</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

age 11

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more <sup>14</sup>.

Relationship to Settlement

1 2010.0			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site lies to the east of Hockliffe Road and can be seen as a logical extension although access to the site will need to be improved.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence
Does the site continue to next stage?			Yes

STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs <sup>15</sup> .			
Critical Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure requirements that will enable delivery <sup>16</sup> ?	G	Access from Woburn Road, provision of utilities will not be problematic
Does the site continue to next stage?			Yes

STAC	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT				
This	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for				
deve	opment where there are no legal or ownership problems	and the	landowner has expressed an		
inten	tion to develop the site.		·		
Avail	ability				
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	100% Greenfield		
	Would the existing use limit the development				
	potential?				
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Intent on developing the site.		
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?				
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	No issues.		
	delay or prevent development?				
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically				
	overcome?				
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	G	No planning apps		

<sup>14</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf</a>)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.		
		V
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

	Plan.		
Green	nbelt		
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	100% within Greenbelt
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No	
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?  • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)  • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA  • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)  Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	No	<ul> <li>Hockliffe has a lower school, convenience store and post office</li> <li>Does not make a strong contribution to Luton HMA</li> <li>Direct access to A5</li> </ul>
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. <sup>17</sup>	No	Hockliffe is producing a Neighbourhood Plan and have highlighted potential sites within this, but have yet to get to the consultation stage with their draft plan
Does	Does the site continue to next stage?		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>18</sup>

Site details		
Reference Number	NLP278	
Site Name	Land off Leighton Road	
Site Address	Leighton Road, Hockliffe, LU7 9ND	
Settlement	Hockliffe	
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.13ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.13ha Measured GIS Area: 1.20ha	
Proposed Use	Residential	
Any other information		

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	II or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Prov	isional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings?  Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land.  Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  2 hectares or above 60%  Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  40  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  27
Floo	d Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	There is a significant flood zone area to the rear of the site.
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	Yes	More than 50% of the site is at risk of surface water flooding (1/30 year occurrence)
Natio	onally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>19</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP298
Site Name	Land South of Leighton Road, Hockliffe
Site Address	Leighton Road, Hockliffe, LU7 9NT
Settlement	Hockliffe
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 2.71ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 2.71ha
	Measured GIS Area: 2.73ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	
information	

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT			
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	II or conf	lict with national policy designations.	
	sional Site Capacity			
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings?  Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land.  Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  1 hectares or above 60%  Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  50-55  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  49	
Flood	Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the Sequential Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No		
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No		
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)	
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.	
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

Does the site continue to next stage?

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>20</sup>.

provid	de 1,500 homes or more <sup>20</sup> .		
Relati	ionship to Settlement		
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	A	The site lies just outside of the settlement to the west, there is a small area of backland that separates this site from the residential area of Hockliffe, therefore this is not a particularly logical extension to the settlement and the adjacent settlement of NLP413 would also need to be approved in order to make this site relatable to the settlement.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence

This	GE 1C ASSESSMENT stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able cal Infrastructure	to meet	their critical infrastructure needs <sup>21</sup> .
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure requirements that will enable delivery <sup>22</sup> ?	G	There are no special critical infrastructure requirements necessary beyond the normal development requirements
Does the site continue to next stage?			

Yes

This s develo	SE 1D ASSESSMENT stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not avail opment where there are no legal or ownership problems ion to develop the site. ability		
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development potential?	G	100% Greenfield/agricultural

20

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf</a>)

led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

21 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

22 This is an assessment based on the information has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development as infrastructure.

This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	G	Intent on developing the site.
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	A	Potential issues.
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	No planning apps
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan

Plan.	an.			
Greei	nbelt			
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	100% greenbelt	
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No	Details	
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?  • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)  • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA  • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)  Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	No	<ul> <li>There is a lower school, convenience store and post office</li> <li>Does not make a strong contribution</li> <li>Has direct access to the A5</li> </ul>	
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. <sup>23</sup>	No	Hockliffe is producing a Neighbourhood Plan and have highlight potential sites within this, but have yet to reach the consultation stage with their draft plan	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No	
			I .	

<sup>22</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>24</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP327
Site Name	Land to the South West of the A5
Site Address	Hockliffe
Settlement	Hockliffe
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 4ha adjacent to village (up to 18ha) Submitted Whole Site Area: 22.2ha Measured GIS Area: 24.2
Proposed Use	Mixed: Residential, Employment
Any other information	Opportunity for a small area of employment space to meet local needs due to proximity to M1 and A5.

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
Provi	sional Site Capacity			
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  120-450  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  4ha – 72 18ha - 324	
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	e Seque	ntial Test)	
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No		
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No		
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 be	e subject to detailed assessment)	
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.	
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

#### **STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT**

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more <sup>25</sup> .				
•	ionship to Settlement			
7	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?  Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	A G	Site does represent a logical extension as long as developable area was adjacent to the A5 which separates the site from the residential area of Hockliffe.  Does not cause coalescence	
DOAS	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAG	STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs <sup>26</sup> .				
Critic	Critical Infrastructure				
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure requirements that will enable delivery <sup>27</sup> ?	G	It is not thought and infrastructure is red proximity to M1 and road.	quired, close	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

This	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for			
	lopment where there are no legal or ownership problems	s and the	e landowner has expressed an	
	tion to develop the site.			
Avail	lability			
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development potential?	G	Agricultural	
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner who has expressed an intention to develop the site?	G	Land owner is intent on developing the site.	
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could delay or prevent development?  If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?	G	No Issues.	
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	Site does not already have planning permission.	

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. ( see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locallyled garden villages towns and cities.pdf )

26 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical

development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

Does the site continue to next stage?	Yes
---------------------------------------	-----

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Green	Greenbelt				
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	100% within Greenbelt		
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No	N/A		
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?  • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)  • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA  • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)  Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	Yes	<ul> <li>Has one lower school and a convenience store and a post office</li> <li>Does make a strong contribution to Luton HMA</li> <li>Has direct access to the A5</li> </ul>		
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. <sup>28</sup>	No	Hockliffe are in the process of producing a Neighbourhood Plan and have highlighted potential sites but have not yet reached the consultation stage of their draft plan.		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

## STAGE 2 : SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

#### **STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT**

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

#### **Previously Developed Land**

1 Totalous y Botolopou Euriu				
16	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	Site is greenfield and is therefore	
	with the NPPF definition?		not considered PDL	
	• 76% - 100% (G)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

	• 26 - 75% (A)		
	` '		
Comm	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)		
17	nunity	V	Douting of the cite that is greened
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in designated areas)	Yes	Portion of the site that is proposed
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		as the developable area is allocated within an emerging
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		neighbourhood plan that has
	emerging Neighbourhood Flans		entered its draft stage
18	Community Consultation	No	No community consultation taken
10	Has any community consultation taken place?	INO	place
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		place
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	Would not result in the loss of any
19	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of	INO	services or negatively impact
	the settlement through the loss of services and		sustainability
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		Sustainability
	house etc)		
Cumi	ılative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	R	No. Houses 2006: 347
20	years, what has been the level of housing growth in	IX.	No. Houses 2006: 347
	the parish?		% Growth: 29.11%
	Less than 5% growth (G)		70 GIOWIII. 29.1170
	, ,		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)  This is coloulated by weeking out the total number of		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	No. houses 2016: 448
- '	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Outstanding Completions: 17
	be completed?		% Growth: 3.79%
	Less than 5% growth (G)		70 0.0 0 070
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
Physi	ical Constraints	·	
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	No physical constraints
	features that affect the site's developability?		
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
Relat	ionship to Settlement		
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	The developable area of the site
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		would be complimentary to the
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		settlement, helping to provide
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		housing that would similarly reflect
	form?		the form of the settlement opposite.
			May have an impact on the natural
			form, resulting in the loss of open
			space
	ultural Land Quality		
24	Would the development impact on high quality	Α	100% Grade 3

agricultural land?	The most recent data from Natural
<ul> <li>50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)</li> </ul>	England does not sub-classify
<ul> <li>50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)</li> </ul>	Grades 3a and 3b. Therefore site
<ul> <li>50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)</li> </ul>	must be rated Amber.

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

-	any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.			
	sport and Access to Services			
25	Facilities and services	of the oit	to for bouging. It links to the	
	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.	or the si	te for flousing. It links to the	
25a	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately  Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Settlement has a lower school	
254	Yes, in the settlement (G)		Octilement has a lower school	
	<ul> <li>Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)</li> </ul>			
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining     settlement (P)			
25b	settlement (R)  Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	A	Does not have a middle school,	
200	applicable)?		other catchment available nearby	
	Yes, in the settlement (G)			
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)			
	<ul><li>No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)</li><li>Other catchment school available (A)</li></ul>			
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Does not have an upper	
	school?		school/secondary school, nearest	
	Yes, in the settlement (G)		being in Leighton Buzzard	
	<ul> <li>Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)</li><li>Other catchment school available (A)</li></ul>			
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	R	Does not have a GPs surgery or	
	centre?		medical centre	
	Yes, in the settlement (G)  Yes, prepared as part of the development (C)  The development (C)  The development (C)			
	<ul> <li>Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)</li> <li>No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)</li> </ul>			
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining			
	settlement (R)			
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	Α	Settlement has a convenience	
	<ul><li>Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)</li><li>Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent</li></ul>		store	
	(A)			
	None (R)			
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	R	Site is over 800 metres away from	
	least hourly at peak times):  • Less than 400m (G)		the nearest bus stop	
	• 400m-800m (A)			
	<ul> <li>Over 800m (R)</li> </ul>			
	OR submission form stated that improved			
	public transport facilities could be provided as part of the development (G)			
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R	Site is over 1,200 metres away	
_	Less than 800m (G)		from the nearest train station	

	• 800m-1200m (A)		
	Over 1200m (R)		
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Has direct access to the A6
	ol Capacity		The direct decede to the 7to
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	А	If both sites permitted then a new lower school may be required.
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	А	Development could provide financial contributions
Water	TUtilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	A	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required.
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te		
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk?  No assessment required (G)  Consider Further Assessment (A)  Further Assessment Required (R)	G	Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required
	onmental Health		No significant issues
34	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	G	No significant issues
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	А	A5 noise / industrial noise
	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?  Heritage/ Archaeology	R H-R	Exposed site, beyond settlement envelope, gradually rising ground, long ranging views to site from surrounding more elevated landscapes and PROW network  Heritage: Impact on countryside
	What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	A - R	setting of GII LBs on SW side of A5. Archaeology: Unsuitable for allocation. Site lies within the setting of a Scheduled Monument.

38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	G	Front of site only to settlement envelope, north of site borders NIA
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	A/G	No parish GI plan. RoW across site.
Mine	rals and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		No planning history
Gyps	y and Traveller Provision		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

#### STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site has poor relationship with the settlement pattern and impacts on the landscape and would be within the setting of the following designated heritage assets:

- The Square, Grade II Listed Building;
- Congregational Chapel, Grade II Listed Building;
- Gable End, Grade II Listed Building;
- Westbrook Cottage, Grade II Listed Building;
- The Chestnuts, Grade II Listed Building;
- Ivey Cottages, Grade II Listed Building;
- Hockliffe House, Grade II Listed Building;
- Bull Farmhouse, Grade II Listed Building; and
- Church Farm moated site and associated settlement and cultivation earthworks.

Development of this site as a whole would cause substantial and less than substantial harm to heritage assets, whereby such harm would require clear and convincing justification. Furthermore; such harm would be weighed against the benefits of development. Notwithstanding the degree of harm that would be caused to heritage assets by developing the entire site, it is considered that such a development would cause harm to the character and appearance of the area, including the setting of this settlement.

It is considered that a portion of the site would form a logical extension to the settlement and mitigate the degree of harm to some of the setting of heritage assets.

Exceptional circumstances will need to be demonstrated to alter green belt boundaries to allow development within this site.

#### **STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY**

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

#### **Viability** Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by G 43 The Council's Residential consultants, is the probability of the site being viable Development Viability Report (Feb high, medium or low? 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably and at this scale would exceed exceeded by likely residual value both the upper and lower Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual benchmark land values and as land value close to benchmark land value such the report indicates that such Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below development would likely be viable. benchmark land value **Achievability** 44 Are there any market factors which would affect The Council's Residential deliverability? Development Viability Report (Feb. 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and 2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%. This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East-West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway: M1 improvements: and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority. 45 When can the scheme realistically commence 0 to 5 years delivery? 0 to 5 years (deliverable) 6 to 10 years 11 to 15 years 15 to 20 years Outside Plan Period

46	What is the indicative build out time of the site?	The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to first completion and would build out the site at a rate of 50 dwellings per annum there after.
Does	the site pass this stage?	Yes

## **SUMMARY**

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>29</sup>

Site details		
Reference Number	NLP413	
Site Name	Land at Leighton Road, Hockliffe	
Site Address	Land at Leighton Road, Hockliffe, LU7 9HJ	
Settlement	Hockliffe	
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.03ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.03ha Measured GIS Area: 0.99ha	
Proposed Use	Residential	
Any other information	Same site as ALP125	

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	GE 1A ASSESSMENT							
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.					
Provisional Site Capacity								
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  20-30  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  24					
Floor	this is smaller.  Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	l ne Segue	l ential Test)					
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No						
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No						
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)					
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site					
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB					
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>30</sup>

Relationship to Settlement

6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	O	The site lies on the western edge of Hockliffe and is adjacent to a number of other submissions. It can be seen as a logical extension as it borders the rear of a public house and does not extend away from the village.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAG	SE 1C ASSESSMENT	
This s	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to mee	t their critical infrastructure needs <sup>31</sup> .
Critic	al Infrastructure	
8	Can the site meet the <b>critical infrastructure</b> G	N/A
	requirements that will enable delivery <sup>32</sup> ?	
Does	the site continue to next stage?	Yes

## This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for

development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site.

## Availability

STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT

Avaii	ability		
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	100% Greenfield
	Would the existing use limit the development		
	potential?		
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Intent on developing the site.
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?		
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	No issues
	delay or prevent development?		
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically		
	overcome?		

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. ( see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-

led garden villages towns and cities.pdf )

31 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	No planning apps
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which post office and convenience	Plan.								
<ul> <li>If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.</li> <li>Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which</li> <li>There is a lower school, post office and convenient</li> </ul>									
within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.  15a Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which  • There is a lower school, post office and convenience.				100% greenbelt					
may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which post office and convenience.		within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.							
<ul> <li>circumstances?</li> <li>Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)</li> <li>Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA</li> <li>Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)</li> <li>Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*</li> <li>15b Sites which have support from the local community</li> <li>No Hockliffe are producing a</li> </ul>		may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?  • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)  • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA  • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)  Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*  Sites which have support from the local community		Has direct access to the A5  Hockliffe are producing a					
as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject highlighted sites within this, but		as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage		Neighbourhood Plan and have highlighted sites within this, but have yet to reach the consultation					
Does the site continue to next stage?	Does	the site continue to next stage?		No					

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

## Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>34</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP420
Site Name	Land South West of The Lane
Site Address	Hockliffe
Settlement	Hockliffe
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.3ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 19.7ha
	Measured GIS Area: 20.9ha
Proposed Use	residential
Any other	Recreational use being for the development of playing fields.
information	

## STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards  • Up to 0.4 hectare 100%  • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%  • 2 hectares or above 60%  Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma:  20  Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology:  31
	this is smaller.		
	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the		ential Lest)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Site is not covered by any designations.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Site is not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

								T

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more 35.

Rel	ation	shin	to	Settle	ement
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6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site does not represent a logical extension to the settlement extending significantly beyond the settlement, which is linear in character, into the countryside. The developable area is adjacent to employment land and is therefore not well suited to the residential form of the settlement that exists beyond the other area of employment land.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence
Does the site continue to next stage?			No



The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. ( see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment</a> data/file/508205/Locallyled garden villages towns and cities.pdf)



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