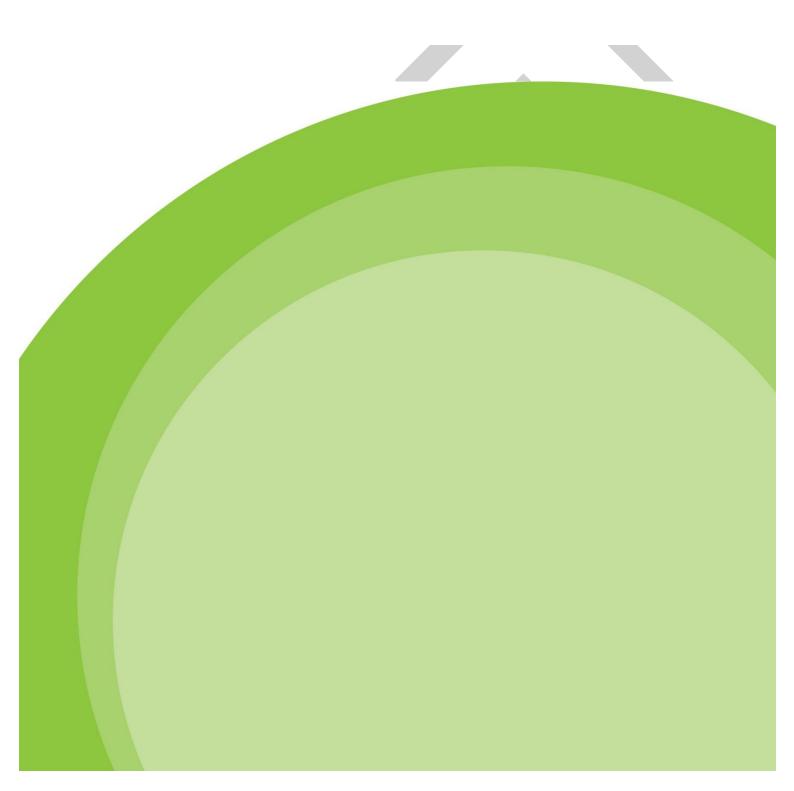


Site Assessment Forms

Moggerhanger



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Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹

Site details		
Reference Number	ALP018	
Site Name	Land at Bedford Road	
Site Address	Land at Bedford Road, Moggerhanger	
Settlement	Moggerhanger	
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 12.60ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 12.60ha Measured GIS Area: 12.72 ha	
Proposed Use	Residential	
Any other information		

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	II or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 500 homes Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 227 dwellings
Floor	d Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	onally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	No part of the site covered by AONB.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement? Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or	Part of the site does briefly adjoin Moggerhanger's settlement envelope; however it is not well related to the existing settlement and is distinctly separated from it. Does not cause coalescence.
existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or	Does not cause coalescence.
green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	



² The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING³

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP119
Site Name	95 Blunham Road
Site Address	95 Blunham Road, Chalton, Moggerhanger
Settlement	Chalton
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.42
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.42
	Measured GIS Area: 0.41
Proposed Use	100% assisted living for the elderly
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	Il or confl	ict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 20 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 10
Floor	this is smaller. Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Segue	ntial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	11001
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 be	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

³ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will					
	provide 1,500 homes or more ⁴ .					
Relat	ionship to Settlement					
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site is within the hamlet of Chalton, there are no existing services here and small scale development in this location would be unsustainable, therefore the site is not a logical extension to Chalton.			
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No			



[.]

⁴ The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING⁵

Site details			
Reference Number	ALP120		
Site Name	White Gables Farm		
Site Address	White Gables Farm, Blunham Road, Chalton, Moggerhanger		
Settlement	Chalton (Moggerhanger parish)		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.0ha		
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.0ha		
	Measured GIS Area: 0.99 ha		
Proposed Use	Residential		
Any other			
information			

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	II or conf	ict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 30 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 24
Floor	d Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	re Segue	l Intial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	That 100ty
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	onally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

⁵ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

Rela	tionship to Settlement		
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site is located within the small hamlet of Chalton which does not have a Settlement Envelope. There are some existing dwellings nearby and the site has access onto the public highway. However given the sites location in the small hamlet with no services the site is poorly related to any main settlement and would be very isolated.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.



⁶ The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING⁷

Site details			
Reference Number	ALP121		
Site Name	Land South of Blunham Road, Chalton		
Site Address	Land South of Blunham Road, Chalton, Moggerhanger		
Settlement	Chalton		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 2ha		
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 2ha		
	Measured GIS Area: 1.95ha		
Proposed Use	Residential		
Any other			
information			

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	SE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 50 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 47
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	None
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	None
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

⁷ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will					
	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more ⁸ .				
	ionship to Settlement				
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site is located within the small hamlet of Chalton which does not have a Settlement Envelope. There are some existing dwellings nearby however given the sites location in the small hamlet with no services, the site is poorly related to any main settlement and would be very isolated.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No		



The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-million-color="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/u led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING⁹

Site details	Site details			
Reference Number	ALP127			
Site Name	Land rear of 22-32A Blunham Road, Chalton			
Site Address	Land rear of 22-32A Blunham Road, Chalton			
Settlement	Chalton (Moggerhanger Parish)			
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.47 ha			
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.47ha			
	Measured GIS Area:0.49 ha			
Proposed Use	Residential			
Any other				
information				

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT					
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.					
	sional Site Capacity	T				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 15 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 11			
Flood	I Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No				
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)			
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	Details on designations and coverage			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Details on coverage			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

⁹ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

a .

provid	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more 10.				
Relati 6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site would be a backland development and is located within the small hamlet of Chalton which does not have a Settlement Envelope. There are some existing dwellings nearby however given the sites location in the small		
			hamlet with no services, the site is poorly related to any main settlement and would be very isolated.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No		

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹¹

Site details	Site details				
Reference Number	ALP180				
Site Name	Land at Bedford Road, Moggerhanger				
Site Address	Land at Bedford Road, Moggerhanger				
Settlement	Moggerhanger				
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 3.4ha				
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 3.4 ha				
	Measured GIS Area: 3.57 ha				
Proposed Use	Residential				
Any other					
information					

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
Provi	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 70-102 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 61		
Floor	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seaue	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,		
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 be	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹¹ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more 12.			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site is well related to the settlement of Moggerhanger.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	No
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAG	GE 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ¹³ .			
Critic	cal Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	Α	N/A as 2014 Call for	or Sites did not
	requirements that will enable delivery ¹⁴ ?		ask this question	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STA	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT				
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for				
	lopment where there are no legal or ownership problems	s and the	e landowner has expressed an		
	tion to develop the site.				
Avai	lability				
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	Farmland		
	Would the existing use limit the development		The existing use would not limit the		
	potential?		development potential		
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Yes and it is in sole ownership		
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?				
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	The form states that there are no		
	delay or prevent development?		known ownership problems		
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically				
	overcome?				
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	G	No		
	the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red				
	because it's not eligible for allocation.				
Does the site continue to next stage?			Yes		

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-

led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

13 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

14 This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure

requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

	FIGII.				
Greer	nbelt				
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No			
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A			
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A			
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.15	N/A			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

¹⁵ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

		1	T
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in designated areas)	No	Moggerhanger does not have a neighbourhood plan submitted
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	No consultation has taken place
	Has any community consultation taken place?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
40	response.	NIa	The site would not improve at on the
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	The site would not impact on the
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		sustainability of the settlement nor
	the settlement through the loss of services and		impact on any services
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
	house etc)		
Cumi	llative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	2.54% growth
	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		
	the parish?		
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		· ·
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	Α	9.89% growth
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		
	be completed?		
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		
	 5% to 20% growth (A) 		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
Physi	cal Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	
22	features that affect the site's developability?	G	
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
Dalati	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	ionship to Settlement	T A	
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	Moggerhanger has grown by a
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		pattern of linear development but
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		this site would provide a more
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		estate type development. It would
	form?		be a large development in relation
			to the size of Moggerhanger and it
			could therefore have a detrimental
			impact. It does however benefit
			from a number of frontages.
Agric	ultural Land Quality	·	
24	Would the development impact on high quality	R	100% Grade 2.
	agricultural land?		
	50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)		
	 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A) 		

• 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.					
	Transport and Access to Services					
25	Facilities and services					
	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the sit	e for housing. It links to the			
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.					
	leaves relation to somethic and account of the					
25a	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately	<u> </u>	Cottlement does have a lawer			
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Settlement does have a lower school			
	Yes, in the settlement (G)Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)		SCHOOL			
	 res, proposed as part of the development (G) No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 					
	 Not in the settlement or an adjoining 					
	settlement (R)					
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	N/A	Settlement does not have a middle			
	applicable)?		school			
	Yes, in the settlement (G)					
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 					
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 					
	Other catchment school available (A)					
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Settlement does not have a			
	school?		secondary/upper school, nearest			
	Yes, in the settlement (G)		being in Sandy			
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)					
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)					
254	Other catchment school available (A) Does the pattlement baye a CDs surgery or medical.	R	Settlement does not contain a GP's			
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical centre?	K	surgery			
	Yes, in the settlement (G)		Surgery			
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 					
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 					
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining					
	settlement (R)					
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	R	Moggerhanger does not have a			
	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)		town centre or supermarket or			
	Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent		other local stores			
	(A)					
07	None (R) Richard Research Control (R)		011-1-400			
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	Site is 122m away from the nearest			
	least hourly at peak times):Less than 400m (G)		bus stop			
	Less than 400m (G)400m-800m (A)					
	Over 800m (R)					
	OR submission form stated that improved					
	public transport facilities could be provided as					
	part of the development (G)					
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R	Site is over 1,200m away from the			
	Less than 800m (G)		nearest train station			
	• 800m-1200m (A)					
	Over 1200m (R)					

			,			
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Site has direct access from Bedford Road			
Scho	School Capacity					
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	A	Lower school may require some additional land for expansion, some existing capacity at middle and upper school.			
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	А	Some contributions could be made			
Wate	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)			
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of			
			any upgrades required.			
	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te					
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk? No assessment required (G) Consider Further Assessment (A) Further Assessment Required (R)	G	Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required			
Envir	onmental Health					
34	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	R/A/G	Awaiting comments			
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	R/A/G	Awaiting comments			
	onmental Constraints	T -				
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	G	Need to ensure character of Park Road is conserved. Mitigation required to enhance A603 frontage and be sympathetic to setting of Moggerhanger Park. Need for sympathetic design to protect amenity of existing properties			
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	A – A H - A	Archaeology - Site has multi-period archaeological potential and lies adjacent to a Grade II Registered Park, appropriate mitigation required if site allocated.			

			Heritage – setting of Moggerhanger Park and listed buildings.
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any	Α	Retain, buffer and enhance hedgerows.
	biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?		maagarawa.
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	G/A	No parish GI plan for Moggerhanger. Impact of setting of Moggerhanger Park? Within District GI network.
Minerals and Waste			
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planning History			
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		No planning history
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site lies within Grade 2 Agricultural Land. If this site were to be developed then considerable care and attention would need to be taken to ensure that design was complimentary to both Moggerhanger Park registered Park and Garden and the Listed Buildings that surround the site. The tree-belt to the south provides a good edge to the site, and there is potential to buffer and extend existing hedgerow corridors but impacts on farmland species would also need be assessed. The site will be considered further, but it is vital than any development here would be designed in a way to compliment Moggerhanger Park.

STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viabil	Viability			
43	Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by consultants, is the probability of the site being viable high, medium or low? High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below benchmark land value	G	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land values and as such the report indicates that such development would likely be viable.	
	vability			
44	Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?		No market factors that could affect the site The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and	

		2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%. This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East-West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway; M1 improvements; and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority.
45	When can the scheme realistically commence delivery? • 0 to 5 years (deliverable) • 6 to 10 years • 11 to 15 years	0-5 years
	• 15 to 20 years	
46	Outside Plan Period What is the indicative build out time of the site?	Year 1 – 20 Year 2 – 20 Year 3 – 20 Year 4 – 20 Year 5 – 20 The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to first completion and would build out the site at a rate of 50 dwellings per

		annum there after.
Does the site pass this stage?		Yes

SUMMARY

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹⁶

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP461
Site Name	Land between Chalton and Blunham
Site Address	Blunham Road, Chalton and Station Road, Blunham
Settlement	Moggerhanger Parish (nearest settlement Blunham)
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 20ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 25ha
	Measured GIS Area: 26.33 ha
Proposed Use	Mixed use – residential and employment
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT			
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.	
Provi	sional Site Capacity			
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% O.4 to 2 hectares 80% Pote: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 500 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 474 dwellings	
Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the Sequential Test)				
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,	
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No		
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)	
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.	
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	No part of the site covered by AONB.	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹⁶ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more 17.			
	ionship to Settlement		
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	Part of the site is in fairly close proximity to the southern end of Blunham's Settlement Envelope. It is however separated from Blunham by a disused railway line and development of this site would extend Blunham in a linear and unsustainable way, and it does not reflect the current settlement pattern. The site is not of a sufficient scale to be self contained.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	R	This site would cause coalescence between Blunham and the small cluster of homes at Chalton, north of Moggerhanger.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING¹⁸

Site details			
Reference Number	ALP475		
Site Name	Asterby & Chalkroft Nursery, The Ridgeway, Moggerhanger		
Site Address	Asterby & Chalkroft Nursery, The Ridgeway, Moggerhanger		
Settlement	Chalton/Moggerhanger		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.6		
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.6		
	Measured GIS Area: 0.74		
Proposed Use	Residential		
Any other			
information			

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	GE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards Up to 0.4 hectare 100% 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 15 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 14
Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the Sequential Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

¹⁸ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

	de 1,500 homes or more ¹⁹ .		
Relat	tionship to Settlement		
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	This site is in a remote location, separated from nearby settlements by a considerable distance and there is no other residential development nearby.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.
Does the site continue to next stage?			



The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING²⁰

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP476
Site Name	Asterby and Chalkcroft Nursery (Site B)
Site Address	Asterby and Chalkcroft Nursery, The Ridgeway, Blunham
Settlement	Moggerhanger, Charlton, Blunham
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 10 ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.6 ha
	Measured GIS Area: 0.86ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	Redundant horticultural site
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	BE 1A ASSESSMENT				
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 15 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 14		
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	Stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	N/A		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	N/A		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

²⁰ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

provide 1,500 homes or more ²¹ .			
Rela	tionship to Settlement		
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	This site is in a remote location, separated from nearby settlements by a considerable distance and there is no other residential development nearby.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.
Does	Does the site continue to next stage?		No



led garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING²²

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP159
Site Name	Land North of Park Road, Moggerhanger
Site Address	Land North of Park Road, Moggerhanger
Settlement	Moggerhanger
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 4.6 acres/1.86ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 4.6 acres/1.86 ha Measured GIS Area: 1.88ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	II or confl	ict with national policy designations.		
Provi	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 36 Number of proposed dwellings as		
Floor	2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller. Pick (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the subject to t	o Sogue	per CBC methodology: 44		
	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the		illiai resi)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

²² Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more ²³ .					
_	Relationship to Settlement				
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement? Does the site cause coalescence between an	G	The site is bounded by residential development on 2.5 sides, this makes the site a logical extension and is relatively consistent with settlement pattern. Does not cause coalescence		
•	existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

	GE 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ²⁴ .			
Critic	Critical Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure requirements that will enable delivery ²⁵ ?	G	Not specified. But the site is unlikely to require significant infrastructure	
Does	Yes			

STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. **Availability** 9 What is the existing use of the site? G Keeping of animals Would the existing use limit the development The existing use would not limit the development potential potential? 10 G Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner Sole ownership, intention to who has expressed an intention to develop the site? develop stated. 11 Are there any legal or ownership problems that could G None delay or prevent development? If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome? 12 Does the site already have planning permission for G No the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation. Does the site continue to next stage? Yes

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locallyled garden villages towns and cities.pdf)

Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

i iaii.	i idii.				
Gree	nbelt				
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No			
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A			
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A			
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. ²⁶	N/A			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

26 - 75% (A)

• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)

²⁶ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

Comr	nunity		
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	N/A	N/A
• •	designated areas)	1 4/7 (
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	N/A
. •	Has any community consultation taken place?	1.10	1,47,1
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	N/A
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of	110	14/74
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
	house etc)		
Cumi	Ilative Impact		
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	2006 = 276
20	years, what has been the level of housing growth in	J	2016 = 283
	the parish?		2010 - 200
	Less than 5% growth (G)		% growth = 2.54
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		/ Jona = 2.01
	More than 20% growth (R)		Ţ
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	Α	9.89%
21	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to	^	9.0976
	be completed?		
	Less than 5% growth (G)		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R) This is adjusted the weating out the total number of		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions data).		
Dhyei	cal Constraints		
22		<u> </u>	None
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent features that affect the site's developability?	G	None
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
Dolos	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	Would development of the cite be complementary to	Λ	The site would be mostly beautierd
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	The site would be mostly backland
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		development but it does have a
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		frontage from which access could
	form?		be taken. Adjacent development
	101111?		appears relatively modern and
			there is a small estate type
Agric	ultural Land Quality		development to the east.
Agric 24	Would the development impact on high quality	В	The site is 100% Crade 2
24	Would the development impact on high quality	R	The site is 100% Grade 2.
	agricultural land?		
	50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)		
	• 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)		
	 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R) 		

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Facilities and services Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability of the site for housing. It links to the Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit. Sues relating to capacity are assessed separately Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school? Yes, in the settlement (G) Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Not in the settlement or an adjoining
Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability of the site for housing. It links to the Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit. Ssues relating to capacity are assessed separately Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school? Yes, in the settlement (G) Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Not in the settlement or an adjoining
Ooes the settlement have a Primary/Lower school? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) • Not in the settlement or an adjoining
settlement (R)
Does the settlement have a Middle school (if applicable)? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) • Other catchment school available (A)
Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper school? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) • Other catchment school available (A) Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical centre? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)
 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Not in the settlement or an adjoining settlement (R) What retail provision does the settlement offer? R Settlement does not contain town
 Town Centre/ Supermarket (G) Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent (A) None (R)
Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at east hourly at peak times): • Less than 400m (G) • 400m-800m (A) • Over 800m (R) • OR submission form stated that improved public transport facilities could be provided as part of the development (G)
Distance to nearest train station: • Less than 800m (G) • 800m-1200m (A) • Over 1200m (R)
s the site accessible from the existing road network? A Site has access onto a minor, Park

			Road,
Scho	ol Capacity		
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	A	Lower school may require some additional land for expansion, some existing capacity at middle and upper school.
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	А	Contributions could be made
Wate	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
Drain 33	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water? age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk? • No assessment required (G)	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required. Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required
	Consider Further Assessment (A)Further Assessment Required (R)		
Envir	onmental Health	l	
34	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
	onmental Constraints		Although concession of
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	A	Although screening structure present, Concerns regarding the long term survival of the treebelt and loss of enclosure along Park Road. Need for sympathetic design to protect amenity of existing properties.
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	A – A H - A	Archaeology – Site has multi-period archaeological potential and lies adjacent to a Grade II Registered Park, appropriate mitigation required if site allocated.

			Heritage - Setting of Moggerhanger park and LBs
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any	А	Retain, buffer and enhance hedgerows.
	biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?		g
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	G/A	No parish GI plan for Moggerhanger. Impact of setting of Moggerhanger Park? Within District GI network.
Mine	rals and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		CB/15/04437/FULL – Erection of wooden field shelter and wooden hay store - Refused
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site lies within Grade 2 Agricultural Land. If this site were to be developed then considerable care and attention would need to be taken to ensure that design was complimentary to both Moggerhanger Park registered Park and Garden and the Listed Buildings near to the site. The landscape officer has raised concerns regarding the long term survival of the tree-belt and loss of enclosure along Park Road, so options for a sympathetic design would need to be explored. To protect the ecology of the site, it is suggested that the hedgerows are retained, buffered and enhanced. The site has multi period archaeological potential and it is adjacent to a Grade II Registered Park so appropriate mitigation would be required if the site were to be taken forward for Moggerhanger Park and the nearby listed buildings.

The site will be considered further, but it is vital than any development here would be designed in a way to compliment Moggerhanger Park and the listed buildings.

STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viabil	Viability				
43	Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by consultants, is the probability of the site being viable high, medium or low? • High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value • Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value • Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below benchmark land value	G	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land values and as such the report indicates that such development would likely be viable		
Achie	Achievability				
44	Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?		No market factors that could affect deliverability		

45 When can the scheme realistically commence delivery?	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and 2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%. This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East- West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway; M1 improvements, and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority. 0-5 years
0 to 5 years (deliverable)6 to 10 years11 to 15 years	
15 to 20 yearsOutside Plan Period	
What is the indicative build out time of the site? Does the site pass this stage?	The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017 indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to first completion and would build out the site at a rate of 40 dwellings per annum there after. Yes

SUMMARY

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING²⁷

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP286
Site Name	Land adjacent to Park Road/Bedford Road
Site Address	Land adjacent to Park Road/Bedford Road (A603), Moggerhanger
Settlement	Moggerhanger
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 6.4ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 6.4ha
	Measured GIS Area: 4.71 ha
Proposed Use	Residential (C2 and C3)
Any other	Part of site also submitted as ALP180
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	E 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	ict with national policy designations.
	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 130 dwellings Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 85 dwellings
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	No part of the site covered by AONB.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

²⁷ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will			
provid	provide 1,500 homes or more ²⁸ .			
Relati	onship to Settlement			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site adjoins Moggerhanger's settlement envelope in parts to the west and very partially to the south.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	No coalescence.	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAG	STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT			
This s	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able	to meet	their critical infrastructure needs ²⁹ .	
Critic	al Infrastructure			
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure requirements that will enable delivery ³⁰ ?	G	Submission states that provision has been made for a roundabout if the highway authority requires this.	
Does the site continue to next stage?			Yes	

STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. **Availability** What is the existing use of the site? G The site is greenfield. Would the existing use limit the development potential? 10 Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner The site has been submitted by the who has expressed an intention to develop the site? sole landowner. Intention to develop is stated. 11 Are there any legal or ownership problems that could G The submission form states that delay or prevent development? there are no legal or ownership If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically issues. overcome? 12 Does the site already have planning permission for G No. the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

²⁹ Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

³⁰ This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

Does the site continue to next stage?

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Plan.	Plan.			
Green	nbelt			
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No		
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A		
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A		
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.31	N/A		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

STAGE 2 : SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT) STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance. Previously Developed Land 16 Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance R No part of the site is PDL. with the NPPF definition?

76% - 100% (G)

³¹ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

Comr	26 - 75% (A)25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)		
	2070 070 (010011110101) (11)		
	nunity		
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	No	Moggerhanger is not a parish
	designated areas)		which has been designated for a
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		Neighbourhood Plan.
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18	Community Consultation	No	The submission form states that
	Has any community consultation taken place?		not prior consultation has taken
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		place.
	consultation took and any overall community		
	response.		
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	The site is currently in Agricultural
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		use.
	the settlement through the loss of services and	. 🔻	
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
Cumi	house etc)		
	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	Number of houses in 2000: 270
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10 years, what has been the level of housing growth in	G	Number of houses in 2006: 276 Number of houses in 2016: 283
	the parish?		Percentage Growth: 2.54%
	Less than 5% growth (G)		T Creentage Growth. 2.5476
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	Α	Number of houses in 2016: 283
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Number of outstanding completions
	be completed?		2016: 28
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		Percentage Growth: 9.89%
	 5% to 20% growth (A) 		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
Diversi	data).		
	cal Constraints		No constraints identified
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent features that affect the site's developability?	G	No constraints identified
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
Relati	ionship to Settlement		
23		Α	The site does have frontages but it
		, ,	
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		•
	form?		
Agric	ultural Land Quality		
24	Would the development impact on high quality	R	The site falls fully within Grade 2
	agricultural land?		Agricultural land.
	 50% or more in non-agricultural land (G) 		
	 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A) 		
	 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R) 		
Agric	form? ultural Land Quality Would the development impact on high quality agricultural land?	A R	

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Stage	2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance).	
Trans	sport and Access to Services		
25	Facilities and services Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit. Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately	of the sit	re for housing. It links to the
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) • Not in the settlement or an adjoining	G	
25b	settlement (R) Does the settlement have a Middle school (if applicable)? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)	A	Alban Middle Great Barford
25c	 Other catchment school available (A) Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper school? Yes, in the settlement (G) Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) Other catchment school available (A) 	A	Sandy Upper
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical centre? • Yes, in the settlement (G) • Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) • No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) • Not in the settlement or an adjoining settlement (R)	А	GP in sandy
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer? Town Centre/ Supermarket (G) Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent (A) None (R)	R	
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at least hourly at peak times): • Less than 400m (G) • 400m-800m (A) • Over 800m (R) • OR submission form stated that improved public transport facilities could be provided as part of the development (G)	G	163m
28	Distance to nearest train station: • Less than 800m (G) • 800m-1200m (A) • Over 1200m (R)	R	
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Site has some frontage onto
	is the site decession from the existing road network:		Sito riad donno montago dinto

			Bedford Road.
School	ol Capacity		
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	G	Should be OK
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	G	Some existing capacity, so school places should be ok in this area – subject to number of dwellings.
Water	Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and
			identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required.
Drain	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te	st)	
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to site allocations, in regards to flood risk? No assessment required (G) Consider Further Assessment (A) Further Assessment Required (R) onmental Health	Ğ	Site is at limited risk of surface water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required
		<u> </u>	No significant factures
	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	G	No significant features
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	G	Road Traffic may compromise.
	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	A/G	Scope for development in northern field; land to south of treebelt unsuitable as within setting of Moggerhanger Park.
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	Her: A Arch: A	Site has multi-period archaeological potential and lies adjacent to a Grade II Registered Park, appropriate mitigation required if site allocated. Conservation comment site not ideal, likely to have an impact on Moggerhanger Park (registered

			park and garden) and possible impact on setting of LBs around the site.
38	Ecological Assets What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	A	Buffer and extend existing hedgerow corridors, potential impact to farmland species.
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	A	No parish GI plan for Moggerhanger. Impact of setting of Moggerhanger Park? Within District GI network. No loss of LS open space.
Mine	rals and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?	G	No issues
Planr	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		None.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site lies within Grade 2 Agricultural Land. If this site were to be developed then considerable care and attention would need to be taken to ensure that design was complimentary to both Moggerhanger Park registered Park and Garden and the Listed Buildings that surround the site. The tree-belt to the south provides a good edge to the site, and there is potential to buffer and extend existing hedgerow corridors but impacts on farmland species would also need to be assessed. The site will be considered further, but it is vital than any development here would be designed in a way to compliment Moggerhanger Park.

STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viabil	lity				
43	Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by consultants, is the probability of the site being viable high, medium or low? High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below benchmark land value	G	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land values and as such the report indicates that such development would likely be viable.		
			No issues stated an submission		
44	Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?		No issues stated on submission The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and		

45	When can the scheme realistically commence delivery? • 0 to 5 years (deliverable) • 6 to 10 years • 11 to 15 years	2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%. This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East-West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway; M1 improvements; and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority. Submission states that site could be commenced within 0-5 years (deliverable) 0 to 5 years
	 11 to 15 years 15 to 20 years Outside Plan Period 	o to o years
46 Does	What is the indicative build out time of the site? the site pass this stage?	Submission states that site could be completed within 0-5 of commencement. The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to first completion and would build out the site at a rate of 50 dwellings per annum there after. Yes

SUMMARY

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING³²

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP305
Site Name	Land East of Park Road, Moggerhanger
Site Address	Land East of Park Road, Moggerhanger
Settlement	Moggerhanger
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.8ha or 0.9ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.8ha or 0.9ha
	Measured GIS Area: 1.88ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	An alternative scheme of 0.9ha has also been submitted on the same form as an
information	alternative

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	SE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	lict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 35-40 or 17-20 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 43 or 22
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ential Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

³² Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

provid	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more ³³ .			
Relat	ionship to Settlement			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site is bounded by residential development on 2.5 sides, this makes the site a logical extension and is relatively consistent with settlement pattern.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes	

	STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs ³⁴ .				
Critic	Critical Infrastructure				
8	Can the site meet the critical infrastructure	G	No specific infrastr	ucture required	
	requirements that will enable delivery ³⁵ ?			·	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAG	STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for				
devel	opment where there are no legal or ownership problems	s and the	landowner has expressed an		
intent	ion to develop the site.				
Availa	ability				
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	Keeping of animals		
	Would the existing use limit the development		The existing use would not limit the		
	potential?		development potential		
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Sole ownership		
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?				
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	None		
	delay or prevent development?				
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically				
	overcome?				
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	G	No		
	the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red				
	because it's not eligible for allocation.				
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT

The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-

<u>led garden villages towns and cities.pdf</u>)

34 Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

35 This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure

requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

- 10111			
Greer			
13	Is the site located within the Green Belt?	No	N/A
14	If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	N/A	
15a	Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances? • Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit) • Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA • Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway) Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*	N/A	
15b	Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.	N/A	W
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 2: SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2A will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

Previously Developed Land

Treviously beveloped Land				
16	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	100% greenfield	
	with the NPPF definition?			
	• 76% - 100% (G)			
	• 26 - 75% (A)			
	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)			
_	•			

Community

³⁶ Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

17	Noighbourhood Planning (anly applicable in	N/A	
17	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in designated areas)	IN/A	
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		
	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?		
18		No	
18	Community Consultation	INO	
	Has any community consultation taken place?		
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		
	consultation took and any overall community		
40	response.	NI-	
19	Sustainability of Settlement	No	
	Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of		
	the settlement through the loss of services and		
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
0	house etc)		
	Ilative Impact		0.540/
20	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	2.54%
	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		
	the parish?		
	• Less than 5% growth (G)		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
21	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	Α	9.89%
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		
	be completed?		
	 Less than 5% growth (G) 		
	 5% to 20% growth (A) 		
	 More than 20% growth (R) 		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
	cal Constraints		
22	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	None identified
	features that affect the site's developability?		
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	ionship to Settlement	1 A	
23	Would development of the site be complementary to	Α	The site would be mostly backland
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		development but it does have a
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		frontage from which access could
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		be taken. Adjacent development
	form?		appears relatively modern and
	*		there is a small estate type
Λ	ultural Land Quality		development to the east.
	ultural Land Quality		The site is 4000/ O
24	Would the development impact on high quality	R	The site is 100% Grade 2
	agricultural land?		
	50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)		
	• 50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)		
	 50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R) 		

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using comments from technical specialists. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance.

	any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across			
	Stage 2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance. Transport and Access to Services			
25	Facilities and services			
23	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the sit	te for housing. It links to the	
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.	OI THE SH	ic for flodding. It lifted to the	
	Council o Colliement Flierarony Flaatt.			
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately			
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Settlement does contain a lower	
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 		school	
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 			
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)			
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining			
	settlement (R)			
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	N/A	Settlement does not contain a	
	applicable)?		middle school	
	 Yes, in the settlement (G) 			
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) 			
	 No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 			
	Other catchment school available (A)			
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	Α	Settlement does not contain a	
	school?		secondary/upper school however	
	Yes, in the settlement (G)	· ·	nearest being in Sandy	
	Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)			
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)			
254	Other catchment school available (A)	Б	O-Warrant dans not contain a ODia	
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	R	Settlement does not contain a GP's	
	centre? • Yes, in the settlement (G)		surgery/medical centre	
	 Yes, proposed as part of the development (G) No, but an adjoining settlement does (A) 			
	 Not in the settlement or an adjoining 			
	settlement (R)			
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	R	Settlement does not contain town	
	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)		centre/supermarket or local store	
	Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent		·	
	(A)			
	None (R)			
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	Α	Site is 694m away from the nearest	
	least hourly at peak times):		bus stop	
	Less than 400m (G)			
	• 400m-800m (A)			
	 Over 800m (R) 			
	OR submission form stated that improved			
	public transport facilities could be provided as			
00	part of the development (G)	<u> </u>	Cita is avand 000 = (
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R	Site is over 1,200m away from the	
	• Less than 800m (G)		nearest train station	
	• 800m-1200m (A)			
20	Over 1200m (R) In the site accessible from the evicting read network?	Λ	Cito has assess onto a minor re-	
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	Α	Site has access onto a minor road,	
		l	Park Road,	

Scho	ol Capacity		
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	А	Lower school may require some additional land for expansion, some existing capacity at middle and upper school.
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address this?	А	Contributions could be made
Water	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc	ture will	be assessed at a later stage)
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required infrastructure for waste water and potable water?	R/A/G	Water utilities companies have a statutory duty to supply water and waste water infrastructure to new development sites and a lack of available capacity does not prevent future development. Any infrastructure upgrades required will depend on the quantum and location of growth falling within each catchment area. Whilst the Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April 2017) identifies the current capacity
Drain	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te	ct)	of existing water infrastructure, a Stage 2 study will be prepared to test the cumulative effect of sites that have been shortlisted for allocation in the Local Plan and identify the nature and timing of any upgrades required.
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to	G	Site is at limited risk of surface
	 site allocations, in regards to flood risk? No assessment required (G) Consider Further Assessment (A) Further Assessment Required (R) 		water flooding, assessment is unlikely to be required
	onmental Health	D/A/C	A.u.s.iting a consequent
34	Contamination Are there any contamination constraints on site and will there be any remediation required?	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
35	Adjoining uses Would any adjoining uses have the potential to cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example; noise and smell)	R/A/G	Awaiting comments
	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character What would the impacts of development be on the landscape character or setting of the area or any designated landscapes? Would there be any direct or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?	А	Although screening structure present, Concerns regarding the longterm survival of the treebelt and loss of enclosure along Park Road. Need for sympathetic design to protect amenity of existing properties.
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	A – A H - A	Archaeology – Site has multi-period archaeological potential and lies adjacent to a Grade II Registered Park, appropriate mitigation required if site allocated. Heritage - Setting of Moggerhanger

			park and LBs
38	Ecological Assets	Α	Retain, buffer and enhance
	What would the impacts of development be on any		hedgerows.
	biological, geological or ecological assets and are		_
	there any opportunities for their enhancement?		
39	Open space/leisure and GI assets	G/A	No parish GI plan for
	Are there any potential conflicts with open space,		Moggerhanger. Impact of setting of
	leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there		Moggerhanger Park? Within District
	capacity to provide the required levels of open space		GI network.
	and green infrastructure?		
Miner	rals and Waste		
40	What would the impacts of development be on	G	No issues
	safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including		
	mineral safeguarding sites?		
Plann	ning History		
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example		CB/15/04437/FULL – Erection of
	planning applications and submissions to previous		wooden field shelter and wooden
	Allocations Plans)		hay store - Refused
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes/ No

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

The site lies within Grade 2 Agricultural Land. If this site were to be developed then considerable care and attention would need to be taken to ensure that design was complimentary to both Moggerhanger Park registered Park and Garden and the Listed Buildings near to the site. The landscape officer has raised concerns regarding the long term survival of the tree-belt and loss of enclosure along Park Road, so options for a sympathetic design would need to be explored. To protect the ecology of the site, it is suggested that the hedgerows are retained, buffered and enhanced. The site has multi period archaeological potential and it is adjacent to a Grade II Registered Park so appropriate mitigation would be required if the site were to be taken forward for Moggerhanger Park and the nearby listed buildings.

The site will be considered further, but it is vital than any development here would be designed in a way to compliment Moggerhanger Park and the listed buildings.

STAGE 3: ACHIEVABILITY

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viabil	Viability				
43	Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by consultants, is the probability of the site being viable high, medium or low? • High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value • Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value • Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below benchmark land value	G	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land values and as such the report indicates that such development would likely be viable.		
Achie	Achievability				
44	Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?		No market factors that could affect deliverability		

45 When can the scheme realistically commence delivery?	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and 2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%. This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East-West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway; M1 improvements; and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority. 0-5 years
delivery? • 0 to 5 years (deliverable) • 6 to 10 years • 11 to 15 years • 15 to 20 years • Outside Plan Period	
What is the indicative build out time of the site?	The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to build out this site.
Does the site pass this stage?	Yes

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities



Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING³⁷

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP474
Site Name	The Ridgeway
Site Address	The Ridgeway, Blunham
Settlement	Blunham
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 6ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 9ha
	Measured GIS Area: 9.84ha
Proposed Use	Care Home and support units
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	SE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	ict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 1 care home and 9 units Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 108 dwellings
Flood	I Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	,
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	No part of the site covered by AONB.
Does	Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

³⁷ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement? Does the site cause coalescence between an	R	The site is isolated from any existing settlements although it borders a business park to the south and a large industrial building to the north. This site is not large enough to function as a standalone settlement.
7 Does the site cause coalescence between an		oottioiii.
existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	No coalescence issues.



The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)

Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING³⁹

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP511
Site Name	Land at Bedford Road
Site Address	Land at Bedford Road, Moggerhanger
Settlement	Moggerhanger
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 11.2ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 11.2ha
	Measured GIS Area: 11.44ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	
information	

STAGE 1: SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	SE 1A ASSESSMENT		
	tage of the assessment rules out sites that are too sma	ll or conf	ict with national policy designations.
Provi	sional Site Capacity		
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 180-200 dwellings Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 202 dwellings
Flood	I Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Segue	ntial Test)
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No	
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	stage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	No part of the site covered by AONB.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing

³⁹ Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

towns	towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will			
	provide 1,500 homes or more ⁴⁰ .			
	Relationship to Settlement			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site is located to the west of Moggerhanger, and lies adjacent to a small number of residential dwellings which are detached from the main settlement. The site therefore lies some distance from the Settlement Envelope. This site is not large enough to function as a standalone settlement.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No	



The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/508205/Locally-led_garden_villages_towns_and_cities.pdf)



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