

# Slip End

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#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>1</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP069
Site Name	Land at Front and New Street
Site Address	Land at Front Street and New Street, Slip End
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.6ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.6ha
	Measured GIS Area: 1.62ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	
information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further. 

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT					
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.					
	sional Site Capacity		iet with hational policy designations.			
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 30-50 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 39			
Flood	I Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to th	ne Seaue	ntial Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	·····			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)			
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	100% on land designated for allotments			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

#### **STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT** This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>2</sup>. **Relationship to Settlement** 6 For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-G The site is situated to the east of contained, is the site a logical extension to the Slip End adjacent to Front Street; settlement or are there any major physical the site is can be seen as a logical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) extension due to its proximity to the that separate it from the main settlement? residential area. 7 Does the site cause coalescence between an G Does not cause coalescence existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site. Does the site continue to next stage? Yes

#### **STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT**

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs3.Critical Infrastructure8Can the site meet the critical infrastructureGN/A

U	requirements that will enable delivery <sup>4</sup> ?	5	
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

#### STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site.

Availa	Availability		
9	What is the existing use of the site?	А	Land used for allotments
	Would the existing use limit the development potential?		
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Intent on developing site
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?		
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	No issues
	delay or prevent development?		
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically		
	overcome?		
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	G	No planning apps
	the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

because it's not eligible for allocation.		
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT         This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they may be capable of demonstrating Exceptional         Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.         Greenbelt				
13 Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes 100% Greenbelt			
14 If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No The site is within an area that provides a moderate contribution			
<ul> <li>15a Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?</li> <li>Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)</li> <li>Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA</li> <li>Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)</li> <li>Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Slip End has a lower school, convenience store and a village hall</li> <li>Would not provide a 100+ homes to Luton HMA</li> <li>Site is adjacent to Luton that has a railway station and the M1.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>15b Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2.<sup>5</sup></li> </ul>	No Site is not supported by the Caddington and Slip End Neighbourhood Plan			
Does the site continue to next stage? No				

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>6</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP110
Site Name	Prebenoal Farm
Site Address	Prebenoal Farm, Grove Road, Slip End
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.46ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.46ha
	Measured GIS Area: 0.44ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	Site has planning app – CB/15/00275/OUT – application granted for 8 dwellings
information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	tage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
Provis	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10	No	Number of proposed dwellings as		
	dwellings?		per proforma:		
	Work out the number of new homes from site size				
	using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 %				
	depending on site size of land for infrastructure and		15		
	services, take into account topography or significant				
	areas of undevelopable land.				
	Site Size Gross to net ratio standards		Number of proposed dwellings as		
	<ul> <li>Up to 0.4 hectare 100%</li> </ul>		per CBC methodology:		
	• 0.4 to 2 hectares 80%				
	<ul> <li>2 hectares or above 60%</li> </ul>		11		
	Note: for this calculation use the submitted				
	Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if				
	this is smaller.				
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to th	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2	No			
	or 3?				
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface	No			
	water flooding?				
	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S		· · · · · ·		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally	No	No designations on site.		
	significant designations? These are: Sites of Special				
	Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves,				
	Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and				
	Gardens.				
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area	No	Not within AONB		
	of Outstanding Natural Beauty?				
Does	Does the site continue to next stage? Yes				

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

# STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>7</sup>. Relationship to Settlement G The site lies on the very edge of the settlement to the north east, The site can be seen as a logical

	constraints (for example A roads, rivers or railways)		extension with no physical
	that separate it from the main settlement?		constraints
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an	G	Does not cause coalescence
	existing village or town and another existing village		
	or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site		
	would be able to provide appropriate buffers or		
	green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not		
	be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided		
	leaving a reasonable developable area based on the		
	individual context of the site.		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes

#### **STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT**

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs8.Critical Infrastructure8Can the site meet the critical infrastructureGN/A

requirements that will enable delivery <sup>9</sup> ?	0	
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

#### STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site.

Availa	Availability				
9	What is the existing use of the site? Would the existing use limit the development	G	Redundant farmland		
	potential?				
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Intent on developing the site		
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?				
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	No issues		
	delay or prevent development?				
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically				
	overcome?				
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	R	CB/15/00275/OUT – Development		
	the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red		of 8 detached houses and 4 semi		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

because it's not eligible for allocation.	detached houses (Granted)
Does the site continue to next stage?	No

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#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>10</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	ALP111
Site Name	Land Fronting Woodside Road
Site Address	Lane Fronting Woodside Road, Slip End
Settlement	Slip End (Woodside caravan park)
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.21ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.21ha
	Measured GIS Area: 0.30ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	Same site as NLP240
information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
Provis	Provisional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted	Yes	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 15 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 9		
	Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.				
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to th	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S		e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>11</sup>

Site details			
Reference Number	NLP167		
Site Name	Land South of Markyate Road, Slip End		
Site Address	Markyate Road, Slip End, Caddington, Central Bedfordshire, LU1		
Settlement	Slip Énd		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 6.02ha		
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 6.85ha		
	Measured GIS Area: 6.86		
Proposed Use	Residential		
Any other			
information			

**STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)** This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	E 1A ASSESSMENT					
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.					
	sional Site Capacity					
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	Yes	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 130 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 108			
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to th	ne Seque	ntial Test)			
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No				
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)			
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site.			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB			
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

• • • • •	STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an				
insuffi	cient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites whi	ich would	cause coalescence of existing		
towns	or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a sel	f-contain	ed site is defined as a site which will		
	le 1,500 homes or more <sup>12</sup> .				
Relati	onship to Settlement				
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	A	The site extends south west, away from the settlement of Slip End. There are no physical constraints blocking the site from the settlement and is adjacent to Markyate Road. Could be seen as a logical extension however there are other submissions to the east of the site.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

#### **STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT**

 This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs<sup>13</sup>.

 Critical Infrastructure

 8
 Can the site meet the critical infrastructure requirements that will enable delivery<sup>14</sup>?
 G
 Provision of a new priority junction onto Markyate Road

 Does the site continue to next stage?
 Yes

**STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT** This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site. **Availability** What is the existing use of the site? 9 G Greenfield. Would the existing use limit the development potential? 10 Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner G Owner intent on developing the site who has expressed an intention to develop the site? 11 Are there any legal or ownership problems that could А Let on a Farm Business Tenancy. delay or prevent development? Recovery of the land from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically overcome?		tenant would be factored into the programme for delivering the site.
12	Does the site already have planning permission for the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red because it's not eligible for allocation.	G	Does not already have planning permission.
Does	the site continue to next stage?	• •	Yes

**STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT** This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt Review and also provides a preliminary screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable of demonstrating Exceptional Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined as suitable based on the high level SHLAA assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circumstances to considered for allocation in the Plan.

Greenbelt		
<b>13</b> Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	100% within Greenbelt
14 If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	Yes	
<ul> <li>15a Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?</li> <li>Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)</li> <li>Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA</li> <li>Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)</li> <li>Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*</li> </ul>	Yes	<ul> <li>There is a lower school on site, convenience store,</li> <li>Does make a strong contribution to Luton HMA</li> <li>Has direct access to the A5</li> </ul>
<b>15b</b> Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. <sup>15</sup>	Yes	Site is supported by the Caddington and Slip End Neighbourhood Plan
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

#### STAGE 2 : SUITABILITY (DETAILED ASSESSMENT)

#### **STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT**

This stage further assesses the site's suitability using detailed desktop assessment. A red rating for any question does not mean that the site will be automatically excluded at this stage as the ratings across

Page.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

	ously Developed Land		-
6	Is the site Previously Developed Land in accordance	R	100% Greenfield therefore is not
	with the NPPF definition?		PDL
	• 76% - 100% (G)		
	• 26 - 75% (A)		
	• 25% - 0% (Greenfield) (R)		
	nunity		
7	Neighbourhood Planning (only applicable in	Yes	The site is allocated within the
	designated areas)		neighbourhood plan and is
	Is the site identified as a housing allocation in an		identified as having high
0	emerging Neighbourhood Plan?	Yes	achievability.
8	Community Consultation	res	Site has been through public
	Has any community consultation taken place?		consultation via the Neighbourhood
	If yes, provide brief details on the form this		Plan process
	consultation took and any overall community		
0	response.	No	Mould not regult in loss of convision
9	Sustainability of Settlement Would this proposal impact on the sustainability of	No	Would not result in loss of services or facilities.
	the settlement through the loss of services and	1	
	facilities (for example, employment, retail, public		
	house etc)		· ·
ในทา	lative Impact		
0	Considering housing completions over the past 10	G	No. Houses 2006: 865
-	years, what has been the level of housing growth in		No. Houses 2016: 866
	the parish?		% Growth: 0.12%
	<ul> <li>Less than 5% growth (G)</li> </ul>		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	<ul> <li>More than 20% growth (R)</li> </ul>		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	completions over the last ten years as a percentage		
	of the dwellings in April 2006 (as calculated using		
	census and completions data).		
1	What level of housing growth would there be if all the	G	No. Houses 2016: 866
	outstanding permissions (as of April 2016) were to		Outstanding Permissions: 12
	be completed?		% Growth: 1.39%
	<ul> <li>Less than 5% growth (G)</li> </ul>		
	• 5% to 20% growth (A)		
	More than 20% growth (R)		
	This is calculated by working out the total number of		
	outstanding permissions as of April 1st 2016 as		
	percentage of the total number of dwellings in April		
	2016 (as calculated using census and completions		
	data).		
	ical Constraints		
2	Are there any physical constraints or permanent	G	No physical constraints
	features that affect the site's developability?		
	For example pylons, gas works, sewage treatment		
	works, topography or wind turbines.		
	ionship to Settlement		
3	Would development of the site be complementary to	G	The site is complementary to the
	the existing settlement pattern, and would it have an		settlement pattern and given that
	adverse impact on any historic, unique or distinctive		the site is designated within their
	characteristics of the settlement's built or natural		neighbourhood plan then the parish
	form?		council would be willing to accept
		1	the impact on the historic or natural

			form of the area, though this would be very minute.
Agric	cultural Land Quality		
24	<ul> <li>Would the development impact on high quality agricultural land?</li> <li>50% or more in non-agricultural land (G)</li> <li>50% of more in Grade 3b, 4 or 5 (A)</li> <li>50% or more in Grade 1, 2 or 3a (R)</li> </ul>	A	100% Grade 3 The most recent data from Natural England does not sub-classify Grades 3a and 3b. Therefore site must be rated Amber

	E 2 ASSESSMENT		
	stage further assesses the site's suitability using comme		
	uestion does not mean that the site will be automatically		d at this stage as the ratings across
	2B will be looked at as a whole using planning balance	).	
	sport and Access to Services		
25	Facilities and services		
	Question 26 considers the suitability and sustainability	of the sit	te for housing. It links to the
	Council's Settlement Hierarchy Audit.		
	Issues relating to capacity are assessed separately		
25a	Does the settlement have a Primary/Lower school?	G	Has a lower school within the
	• Yes, in the settlement (G)		settlement
	• Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)		
	<ul> <li>No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Not in the settlement or an adjoining</li> </ul>		
	settlement (R)		
25b	Does the settlement have a Middle school (if	R	No, there is a middle school in
	applicable)?		Caddington but this is set to close
	<ul> <li>Yes, in the settlement (G)</li> </ul>		this year.
	<ul> <li>Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Other catchment school available (A)</li> </ul>		
25c	Does the settlement have a Secondary/ Upper	R	Does not have a secondary/upper
	school?		school, no adjoining settlement but
	<ul> <li>Yes, in the settlement (G)</li> </ul>		there is one in Caddington
	• Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)		
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)		
	Other catchment school available (A)		
25d	Does the settlement have a GPs surgery or medical	R	Does not have a doctors surgery,
	centre?		no adjoining settlement but there is
	• Yes, in the settlement (G)		one in Caddington
	• Yes, proposed as part of the development (G)		
	No, but an adjoining settlement does (A)		
	Not in the settlement or an adjoining		
	settlement (R)		
26	What retail provision does the settlement offer?	А	There is one convenience store in
_	Town Centre/ Supermarket (G)		Caddington
	Convenience Store / Post Office / Newsagent		<b>J</b>
	(A)		
	• None (R)		
27	Distance to bus stops with a frequent service (at	G	Site is 373 metres away from the
	least hourly at peak times):	Ĭ	nearest bus stop

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		1	
	<ul> <li>Less than 400m (G)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>400m-800m (A)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Over 800m (R)</li> </ul>		
	OR submission form stated that improved		
	public transport facilities could be provided as		
	part of the development (G)		
28	Distance to nearest train station:	R	Site is over 1,200 metres away
20		К	from the nearest train station
	• Less than 800m (G)		
	<ul> <li>800m-1200m (A)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Over 1200m (R)</li> </ul>		
29	Is the site accessible from the existing road network?	G	Site is directly accessible from
			Markyate road
Scho	ol Capacity		
30	Do the local schools have capacity at all tiers?	А	Full contributions required to create
			additional places
31	If not, has a commitment been made to address	A	No existing plans, full contributions
51	this?		required to create additional places
Mate			
	r Utilities (Gas, Electricity and Broadband Infrastruc		
32	Is there the capacity to provide all required	A	Water utilities companies have a
	infrastructure for waste water and potable water?		statutory duty to supply water and
			waste water infrastructure to new
			development sites and a lack of
			available capacity does not prevent
			future development. Any
			infrastructure upgrades required
			will depend on the quantum and
			location of growth falling within
			each catchment area. Whilst the
			Stage 1 Water Cycle Study (April
			2017) identifies the current capacity
			of existing water infrastructure, a
			Stage 2 study will be prepared to
			test the cumulative effect of sites
			that have been shortlisted for
			allocation in the Local Plan and
			identify the nature and timing of
			any upgrades required.
Drain	age and Flooding (All sites subject to Sequential Te	est)	
33	What is the conclusion of the sequential approach to	G	Site is at limited risk of surface
	site allocations, in regards to flood risk?		water flooding, assessment is
	No assessment required (G)		unlikely to be required
	<ul> <li>Consider Further Assessment (A)</li> </ul>		
	Further Assessment Required (R)		
	onmental Health		
34	Contamination	G	No significant issues
	Are there any contamination constraints on site and		-
	will there be any remediation required?		
35	Adjoining uses	А	Aircraft noise, road, lower school
	Would any adjoining uses have the potential to		
	cause conflict with the proposed use? (for example;		
	noise and smell)		
	onmental Constraints		
36	Landscape character	G	Development may be
	What would the impacts of development be on the		accommodated on site with
	landscape character or setting of the area or any		appropriate landscape mitigation
	designated landscapes? Would there be any direct		and enhancement of rural edges /

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	or indirect harm to the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty or the Nature Improvement Area?		approaches to village.		
37	Heritage/ Archaeology What would the impacts of development be on any heritage assets and their setting? Are there any opportunities for enhancement of these assets?	H – G A - A	Heritage – Ok Archaeology - Site has multi-period archaeological potential but this would not prevent allocation providing appropriate mitigation is undertaken		
38	<b>Ecological Assets</b> What would the impacts of development be on any biological, geological or ecological assets and are there any opportunities for their enhancement?	G	No comment made		
39	<b>Open space/leisure and GI assets</b> Are there any potential conflicts with open space, leisure designations or Rights of Way? Is there capacity to provide the required levels of open space and green infrastructure?	R	Open Space: No. of dwgs 130. No loss of LS open space. Parish GI plan aspiration to formalise public access on land adjacent to school and enhance area for wildlife and informal recreation		
Mine	rals and Waste				
40	What would the impacts of development be on safeguarded minerals and waste sites, including mineral safeguarding sites?		No planning history		
	ning History	-			
41	What is the sites planning history? (For example planning applications and submissions to previous Allocations Plans)		The size of the development is not considered substantial enough to allow the provision of the different residential uses		
Does the site continue to next stage? Yes					

#### **STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION**

Is the site suitable for the proposed development?

Consultee comments received have not identified overriding contraints however there may be issues with noise pollution from aircraft and the school, which will require development within the site to demonstrate that the development would provide an acceptable standard of amenity for future occupiers. The site is further encouraged for development by Caddington and Slip End's draft Neighbourhood Plan which identifies the sites as being suitable for development.

#### **STAGE 3 : ACHIEVABILITY**

This section assesses whether the site is Achievable in line with NPPG Guidance:

A site is considered achievable for development where there is a reasonable prospect that the particular type of development will be developed on the site at a particular point in time. This is essentially a judgement about the economic viability of the site, and the capacity of the developer to complete and let or sell the development over a certain period.

Viabil	Viability			
43	<ul> <li>Referring to the Viability Assessment undertaken by consultants, is the probability of the site being viable high, medium or low?</li> <li>High (G) Benchmark land value comfortably exceeded by likely residual value</li> <li>Low (A) Marginal viability, with likely residual land value close to benchmark land value</li> <li>Very Low (R) Likely residual value well below</li> </ul>	G	The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that residual value of development in this value area and at this scale would exceed both the upper and lower benchmark land	

	benchmark land value	values and as such the report
		indicates that such development
		would likely be viable.
	vability	
44	Are there any market factors which would affect deliverability?	No market factors which would affect deliverability
		The Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) is based upon residential property figures between 2013 and 2016. The housing market within Central Bedfordshire has seen significant increases in residential property values in a relatively short period of time, whereby it is considered that the viability of developments within this report has been cautious. For example in 2016 Dunstable has benefited from a 17.9% housing price increase with an average annual house price increase in 2016 for housing within Central Bedfordshire of 10.74%.
		This increase in property value has been a result of not only national trends in house prices and existing transport links to economically successful areas but also significant infrastructure projects within the pipeline including: East- West Rail; M1-A5 link road; A421 upgrades; Oxford to Cambridge Express Way; Luton and Dunstable Guided Busway; M1 improvements; and potential A1 improvements. It is considered that as such infrastructure projects progress that property prices within the Local Authority will likely continue to increase which has and will increase viability/deliverability of development not only in the higher value areas but also the lower value areas of the Authority.
45	<ul> <li>When can the scheme realistically commence delivery?</li> <li>0 to 5 years (deliverable)</li> <li>6 to 10 years</li> <li>11 to 15 years</li> <li>15 to 20 years</li> </ul>	0-5 years
	Outside Plan Period	
46	What is the indicative build out time of the site?	4 years: 2018/19 – 40 2019/2020 – 40

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	2020/2021 – 40 2021/2022 – 10 The Case Study Sites outlined within the Council's Residential Development Viability Report (Feb 2017) indicates that after the site has received detailed planning permission a single housebuilder would likely take one year to first completion and would build out the
	completion and would build out the site at a rate of 50 dwellings per
	annum there after.
Does the site pass this stage?	Yes

#### SUMMARY

The sites that pass through this assessment process will not automatically be allocated for development in the Local Plan.

Sites will be selected with reference to a number of other factors including:

- The strategy, vision and objectives proposed in the draft plan
- Technical evidence studies
- The sustainability appraisal process
- The results of public consultation
- Flood Risk Sequential Approach
- Further transport modelling
- Consultation with neighbouring authorities

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#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>16</sup>

Site details			
Reference Number	NLP227		
Site Name	Land at Slip End		
Site Address	Land Between Church Road and Front Street, Slip End, Luton		
Settlement	Slip End		
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 10ha		
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 18ha		
	Measured GIS Area: 17.8ha		
Proposed Use	Residential		
Any other			
information			

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
Provisional Site Capacity					
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	Yes	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 350 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 180		
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to th	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations found on site.		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

STAG	STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an				
	cient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites wh				
	or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a sel	f-contain	ed site is defined as a site which will		
	le 1,500 homes or more <sup>17</sup> .				
-	ionship to Settlement	-			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The M1 acts as a boundary along the north and eastern boundary of the site. The southern boundary is mostly adjacent to a residential area of Slip End. The site does present a logical extension to Slip End as it is not in an isolated area, nor does it extend too far away from the main settlement. The northern portion of the site, after buffering against the motorway, the remaining parcel of land would not of sufficient size to pass through the greenbelt stage.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	R	The southern half of the site extends beyond the edge of Slip End and causes visual coalescence with Pepperstock		
Does	Does the site continue to next stage? No				

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf</u>)

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>18</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP239
Site Name	Land at Church Road
Site Address	Land at Church Road, Slip End
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 0.96ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 0.96ha Measured GIS Area: 0.81ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT				
This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.					
Provisional Site Capacity					
<ul> <li>Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings?</li> <li>Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land.</li> <li>Site Size Gross to net ratio standards <ul> <li>Up to 0.4 hectare 100%</li> <li>0.4 to 2 hectares 80%</li> <li>2 hectares or above 60%</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.</li> </ul>	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: Up to 19 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 19			
Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to	the Seaue	ential Test)			
2 Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?					
3 Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Nationally significant designations (All sites which reach		e subject to detailed assessment)			
4 Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site			
5 Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB			
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

#### STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more<sup>19</sup>.

Relati	Relationship to Settlement				
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site is situated to the north of Slip End and can be seen as a logical extension as it is adjacent to residential area and does not extend too far way from the village.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

#### STAGE 1C ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not able to meet their critical infrastructure needs<sup>20</sup>.Critical Infrastructure8Can the site meet the critical infrastructureGConnection to existing networks will

	requirements that will enable delivery <sup>21</sup> ?		9	be sufficient	
Ι			Yes		
					-

#### STAGE 1D ASSESSMENT

This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not available. A site is considered available for development where there are no legal or ownership problems and the landowner has expressed an intention to develop the site.

Availa	ability			
9	What is the existing use of the site?	G	Agricultural land	
	Would the existing use limit the development			
	potential?			
10	Is the land controlled by a developer or land owner	G	Intent on developing site	
	who has expressed an intention to develop the site?			
11	Are there any legal or ownership problems that could	G	No issues	
	delay or prevent development?			
	If Yes, then can these be issues be realistically			
	overcome?			
12	Does the site already have planning permission for	G	No planning apps	
	the proposed use? If yes, then score as Red			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf</a> )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Critical infrastructure is that which has been identified as infrastructure that must happen to enable physical development. These infrastructure items are often known as 'blockers' or 'showstoppers', and are most common in relation to transport and utilities infrastructure. Failure to provide these pieces of infrastructure could result in significant delays in the delivery of development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> This is an assessment based on the information known at this stage, a full assessment of infrastructure requirements will be undertaken before any sites are allocated.

because it's not eligible for allocation.		
Does the site continue to next stage?		Yes

STAGE 1E ASSESSMENT This section records the findings of the Strategic Green Belt R screening of sites to determine whether they <u>may</u> be capable Circumstances. Any site in the Green Belt that is determined a assessment would still have to demonstrate Exceptional Circu Plan. Greenbelt	of demo as suitab Imstance	nstrating Exceptional le based on the high level SHLAA es to considered for allocation in the	
<b>13</b> Is the site located within the Green Belt?	Yes	Yes	
14 If answer to question 13 is yes, then does the site lie within one of the parcels which have been identified in the Central Bedfordshire and Luton Green Belt Study as making only a relatively weak, weak, or no contribution? If yes, site progresses through to Stage 2.	No	No	
<ul> <li>15a Does the site have all of the following merits that may outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and which may contribute to identification of exceptional circumstances?</li> <li>Adjoining settlement has at least 3 of the following key local services - convenience shop, lower school, middle school, upper school, village hall, GP surgery, post office, library (use settlement audit)</li> <li>Site makes a strong contribution to housing need (100 plus homes) within the Luton HMA</li> <li>Site is in or directly adjacent to a settlement that has a mainline rail station or direct assess (junction) to the strategic road network (A road or motorway)</li> <li>Sites in Green Belt other than those covered by 14 and 15b that cannot meet these criteria, will not progress any further in this assessment of suitability.*</li> </ul>	Yes	<ul> <li>Slip End has a lower school, village hall and a convenience store.</li> <li>Site does not make strong contribution</li> <li>Is not near a rail station but does have relatively good access to M1</li> </ul>	
<b>15b</b> Sites which have support from the local community as demonstrated through an allocation in an adopted or draft Neighbourhood Plan (that has been subject to Regulation 14 consultation) that do not meet the criteria in question 15a will automatically progress through this stage to be considered further at Stage 2. <sup>22</sup>	No	Site is not supported by the Caddington and Slip End Neighbourhood Plan	
Does the site continue to next stage? No			

 $<sup>{}^{\</sup>rm Page}24$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Draft Neighbourhood Plan allocations in Green Belt that are proposed after this site assessment phase has concluded, may still be considered for allocation.

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>23</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP240
Site Name	Former Woodside Allotments
Site Address	Land at Woodside Road, Woodside
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 1.33ha Submitted Whole Site Area: 1.33ha
	Measured GIS Area: 1.22ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other information	Same site as ALP110

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	E 1A ASSESSMENT				
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
	Provisional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: Up to 32 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 29		
Flood	this is smaller. Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S		e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB		
Does	Does the site continue to next stage? Yes				

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

<b>STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT</b> This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more <sup>24</sup> .			
6	Relationship to Settlement         6       For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self-contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?       R       The site lies in an isolated area to the north of Slip End and south east of Caddington and is adjacent to the Woodside caravan park. Woodside park is very isolated with not a great deal on infrastructure and therefore the site would not form a logical extension in regards to any main settlements.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	G	Does not cause coalescence.
Does the site continue to next stage? No			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>25</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP284
Site Name	Land at Slip End
Site Address	Land at Slip End, Brickhill Lane, Slip End, LU1 4DD
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 2.4ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 2.4ha
	Measured GIS Area: 2.36ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	
information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	E 1A ASSESSMENT				
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted	No	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 50+ Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 43		
	Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.				
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to th	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No			
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S		e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations on site		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB		
Does	the site continue to next stage?		Yes		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

<b>STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT</b> This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more <sup>26</sup> . <b>Relationship to Settlement</b>			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	R	The site lies to the south of Slip End and west of the small settlement of Pepperstock. The site is not a logical extension to either settlement. It would extend Pepperstock considerably further away from the village and approach Slip End, and it would not form a direct extension to the existing residential areas in Slip End.
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	R	Site causes coalescence between Slip End and Pepperstock.
Does	the site continue to next stage?		No

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>27</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP380
Site Name	Land Off of Front Street and Half Moon Lane
Site Address	Land Off of Front Street and Half Mood Lane, Slip End, Bedfordshire
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 6.8ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 6.8ha
	Measured GIS Area: 6.7ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	Same site as NLP 386
information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	E 1A ASSESSMENT				
	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.				
	sional Site Capacity				
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	Yes	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 180 Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 120		
Flood	Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the	ne Seque	ntial Test)		
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No			
Natio	nally significant designations (All sites which reach S	tage 2 b	e subject to detailed assessment)		
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations found on site		
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not with in AONB		
Does	the site continue to next stage?	•	Yes		

 $<sup>{}^{\</sup>rm Page}29$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

STAG	E 1B ASSESSMENT			
This s	This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an			
insuffi	cient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites wh	ich would	cause coalescence of existing	
towns	or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a sel	f-contain	ed site is defined as a site which will	
provid	le 1,500 homes or more <sup>28</sup> .			
	ionship to Settlement			
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site is situated to the south eastern end of the settlement of Slip End and extends southwards.	
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	R	The site causes coalescence between Slip End and Pepperstock.	
Does	Does the site continue to next stage? No			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages">https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led garden villages</a> towns and cities.pdf )

#### Site Assessment Framework for HOUSING<sup>29</sup>

Site details	
Reference Number	NLP386
Site Name	Land Adjacent to 90 Front Street, Slip End, Luton
Site Address	Front Street, Slip End, Luton, LU1 4BS
Settlement	Slip End
Size	Submitted Developable Area: 6.5ha
	Submitted Whole Site Area: 6.5ha
	Measured GIS Area: 6.5ha
Proposed Use	Residential
Any other	Same site as NLP 380
information	

#### STAGE 1 : SUITABILITY AND AVAILABILITY (EXCLUSIONARY STAGE)

This section will exclude any sites which do not pass the exclusionary suitability criteria and they will not be assessed further.

STAG	STAGE 1A ASSESSMENT					
This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are too small or conflict with national policy designations.						
Provisional Site Capacity						
1	Is the site likely to accommodate less than 10 dwellings? Work out the number of new homes from site size using density of 30dph and exclude up to 40 % depending on site size of land for infrastructure and services, take into account topography or significant areas of undevelopable land. Site Size Gross to net ratio standards • Up to 0.4 hectare 100% • 0.4 to 2 hectares 80% • 2 hectares or above 60% Note: for this calculation use the submitted Developable Area, or the area measured in GIS if this is smaller.	Yes	Number of proposed dwellings as per proforma: 50+ Number of proposed dwellings as per CBC methodology: 117			
Flood Risk (All sites which reach Stage 2 will be subject to the Sequential Test)						
2	Is more than 50% of the site located in Flood Zone 2 or 3?	No				
3	Is more than 50% of the site at risk from surface water flooding?	No				
Nationally significant designations (All sites which reach Stage 2 be subject to detailed assessment)						
4	Is more than 50% of the site covered by nationally significant designations? These are: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens.	No	No designations found on site.			
5	Is more than 50% of the site located within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty?	No	Not within AONB			
Does the site continue to next stage?			Yes			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Employment sites and Gypsy and Traveller sites will be assessed using separate bespoke site assessment criteria.

<b>STAGE 1B ASSESSMENT</b> This stage of the assessment rules out sites that are not well related to existing settlements but are of an insufficient size to be self contained. It also rules out sites which would cause coalescence of existing towns or villages. For the purposes of this assessment, a self-contained site is defined as a site which will provide 1,500 homes or more <sup>30</sup> . <b>Relationship to Settlement</b>					
6	For sites that are not of a sufficient scale to be self- contained, is the site a logical extension to the settlement or are there any major physical constraints(for example A roads, rivers or railways) that separate it from the main settlement?	G	The site is situated to the south eastern end of the settlement of Slip End and extends southwards. It could represent a logical extension to the settlement.		
7	Does the site cause coalescence between an existing village or town and another existing village or town? If yes, then grade as Amber if the site would be able to provide appropriate buffers or green wedges to mitigate this, or Red if it would not be possible for appropriate buffers to be provided leaving a reasonable developable area based on the individual context of the site.	R	The site causes coalescence between Slip End and Pepperstock.		
Does the site continue to next stage?			No		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> The figure of 1,500 homes has been taken from the Government Publication 'Locally-Led Garden Villages, Towns and Cities'. This defines the eligibility criteria for Garden Villages as standalone settlements of between 1,500 and 10,000 homes. (see <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/508205/Locally-led\_garden\_villages\_towns\_and\_cities.pdf</u>)

## **Central Bedfordshire**

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